Hon. T. A. Crerar,
United Grain Growers,
S.S. Winnipeg, Man.

THE U.F.A.

OFFICIAL ORGAN OF
THE UNITED FARMERS OF ALBERTA AND THE ALBERTA WHEAT POOL
AND OTHER PROVINCIAL MARKETING POOLS

VOL. VIII. CALGARY, ALBERTA, MARCH 15th, 1929 No. 9

A CREDIT REFORM CARTOON from "Punch"

IN THE WAY OF PROGRESS

P. C. John Bull (to the Old Lady of Threadneedle Street): "STEP A BIT MORE LIVELY, MA'AM; YOU'RE HOLDING UP THE TRAFFIC."

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See U.F.A. Credit Committee's Report, page 7.

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EDITORIAL

Mr. Woodley's reputation in the Legislature and the Province has been materially enhanced by his dignified and restrained reply to an attack which, as the Labor members of the Assembly were quick to apprehend, was a partisan effort designed to serve political ends.

* * *

COMPULSORY VOTING

It is reported that the introduction of compulsory voting is to be proposed in the Federal Parliament. The proposal should receive short shrift. The citizen who takes an intelligent interest in public affairs will record his vote without any compulsion, if he considers any good purpose can be served thereby. And the citizen who does not take sufficient interest in public affairs to wish to go to the polls is, in nine cases out of ten, unfitted to exercise the responsibilities of citizenship. Compulsory voting makes a farce of democracy. It places the choice of Parliamentary representatives in the hands of the unintelligent and those who are lacking in public spirit.

* * *

In some electoral contests the public spirited voter may for one reason or another consider it a waste of time to go to the polls. For instance, he may believe that as between two parties, in the policies of neither of which he has any confidence or belief, it is not worth while to record a choice. There is no valid reason why he should be dragged to the polling booth against his will. Compulsion in such instances is wantonly vexatious. In some legislative matters, perhaps, Canada could with advantage follow Australia's example. But not by the adoption of this objectionable fad.

* * *

CLASS CONSCIOUSNESS

A. A. McGillivray had been denouncing the farmers for what he describes as their class consciousness. He might profitably deliver a lecture on the class consciousness of the grain trade and the electrical power groups, and of men in public life who have acquired the mental outlook of these very short and aggressive groups of interests.

If the farmers had not acquired a reasonable degree of class consciousness, there would have been no Wheat Pool, no farmers' co-operative movement of any kind. It is class consciousness, in its most desirable form,—the sense of loyalty to one another, the willingness to join their interests with those of their fellows in co-operative endeavor — that lies at the root of the farmers' successes in marketing and other fields—successes, incidentally, which have won the admiration and commendation of friends in other classes. If the loyalty of one Pool member to all the rest is not class consciousness of an estimable variety, we do not understand the meaning of the term. It implies no hostility to others, but a firm determination that agriculture shall obtain its rightful status in the economic order. And we think that citizens in other classes will agree that this form of class consciousness makes for a consciousness of the community as a whole in a far wider sense than does the class consciousness of the small groups of interests represented by, for example, the grain trade.

* * *

Grain Trade propagandists have circulated, in such a way as to make it appear that the material was prepared by the Calgary *Herald*, an eight-column "broadside" against the Wheat Pool Bill. The *Herald* has repudiated all responsibility for this document. Of course, no one who has followed the matter closely could suspect the *Herald* of complicity in this palpable anti-Pool propaganda.

* * *

"BETTER KEEP QUIET ABOUT IT"

When A. A. McGillivray sought to make the flesh of the legislators creep by suggesting that public ownership of power is that form of socialism which is known as "communism", he no doubt felt that he had played his trump card. But we are afraid that the sole effect of Mr. McGillivray's argument, if it were taken seriously, would be not to damage public ownership, but to raise in popular esteem the "isms" he denounces.

As the *Toronto Globe*, whose economic orthodoxy cannot hopefully be challenged, stated in answering an attack upon public ownership and operation of utilities launched by the United States power trust (from which Mr. McGillivray would seem to have obtained his propaganda material): "If power development and distribution by municipalities or the state is socialism, enemies of socialism should keep quiet about it. They may develop a consciousness that socialism is good business. It would be preferable from their point of view to admit that it is good business for people to protect their own interests."

Mr. McGillivray should be more careful. His arguments savor of communist propaganda.

* * *

Mr. McGillivray's argument concerning the danger of political interference in a Provincially-owned power enterprise would be less laughable if the experience of Ontario were not so well known. The Ontario Hydro-electric Commission sells power in bulk to municipalities, and the municipalities control its distribution and set their own rates. This policy of decentralization has precluded the possibility of political interference. Mr. McGillivray could obtain the facts from any Ontario Tory.

* * *

Mr. McGillivray declares that public operation of power utilities has everywhere proved a failure. Apparently, the Conservative leader in the Assembly is the only Canadian who has never heard of the Ontario Hydro.

NEWS OF THE ORGANIZATION

Activities of U.F.A. Locals and District Associations and Information from Central Office—Notes on Co-operation

NEW LOCAL AT PRIDDIS

P. R. Henderson and H. Cecil Wallis were elected officers of the new Priddis Local which was organized on February 25th.

VERDANT VALLEY LOCAL

Verdant Valley U.F.A. Local hopes to increase their membership in the drive, says a letter from E. R. Morley, secretary. This Local has just ordered a carload of fence posts.

AT EAGLE HILL

Community singing, a violin solo by Mr. Horne, and a paper on St. Valentine by Mrs. Ed. Ronneberg, enlivened the last meeting of Eagle Hill U.F.A. Local, says a report from the Secretary, Mrs. H. C. Stromsmoe. A report of the Convention was given by W. J. Nicholson.

LINCOLN LOCAL ORGANIZED

"I take great pleasure in announcing the birth of Lincoln U. F.A. Local," says a letter from the secretary, B. G. Buckholz. This Local, which is in the Lacombe district, has held two successful meetings. James Spink is the president.

NEW LOCAL IN ATHABASCA

R. Muttycombe, who was in charge of the organization meeting of the Abee U.F.A. Local in the Athabasca Constituency, was elected president. P. M. Cardy, the secretary, states that the officers of Eldridge U.F.A. Local also rendered good assistance.

HARMONY ACTIVITIES

At the February meeting of the Harmony U.F.A. Local, Mr. Percival of the Imperial Bank gave an address, while at the January meeting Mr. Calloway of the U.G.G. spoke on wheat grading. J. P. Evans will be the speaker at the March meeting, states Alex B. Jamieson, secretary.

WATSON AT FENHAM

A visit from J. F. Watson of the Wheat Pool Field Service to a meeting of the Fenham Joint Local was a great success states George F. Humfrey, secretary. His address was heard with interest by members and visitors to the number of 80. The U.F.A. and U.F.W.A. Locals in this district recently amalgamated.

NEW LOCAL AT STREAMSTOWN

Following a visit of A. F. Aitken, Director for the constituency, a new Local was organized at Streamstown and officers were elected at a meeting held on March 3rd. Sam Clarke is president; A. A. Benkhe, vice-president and J. A. Robertson, secretary. Meetings will be held on the Tuesday on or after the full moon in each month, states George H. Humfrey who assisted at the organization meeting. J. F. Watson of the Wheat Pool Field Service gave an address which was received with hearty applause.

BASIS OF PROGRESS

"The futurist of yesterday is the modernist of today and the conservative of tomorrow. Progress is built out of independent thinking, and although many of the thoughts fall on barren ground, the few that sink into fertile soil germinate into actualities as a rule. One has only to read the political, religious, economic or social history of the world to discover that every progressive step in civilization has been met with opposition."—A.F.K. in the *Drumheller Mail*.

SUCCESSFUL DRIVE AT ROSYTH

"As the culmination of a successful drive put on by the Rosyth U.F.A. and U.F.W.A.," states a report from the secretary, Wm. A. Davies, "there was held on the evening of February 27th a supper and social evening in the Rosyth Community Hall. The members of the two Locals and their guests spent a very pleasant evening. After doing full justice to the good things which the ladies provided, the evening was spent in a sing-song, games and old time dances."

PIBROCH CO-OPERATIVE ASSN.

Pibroch District Co-operative Association adopted its constitution at a meeting held on February the 23rd when the following officers were elected: Carl Antonson, president; C. T. Gamble, vice-president and A. W. Goodman, acting secretary-treasurer. According to the constitution, the objects of the new Association "shall be primarily to make the co-operative machinery of our U.F.A. and U.F.W.A. Locals more effective through the larger unit."

GARDINER HIGHLY COMMENDED

Sedalia U.F.A. Local is going strong, according to a report from F. A. Wilson, secretary. During the winter they gave a masquerade dance and an old time dance. Robert Gardiner, M.P., is being highly commended for his activities in Parliament regarding the Board of Grain Commissioners, adds Mr. Wilson. Twenty four members were enrolled in the new Junior U.F.A. Local organized by Mrs. R. Clark Fraser. Misses Hazel Dahl and Margaret Robbins are the officers.

ECLIPSE DELEGATE REPORTS

Between sixty and seventy men, women and children, old members and new members, assembled to hear the report of Gordon Crone, delegate from Eclipse U.F.A. Local, states a report from the secretary, A. C. Johnstone. "The U.F.W.A. supplied the entertainment and lunch, each prompting general participation and no one got stalled. Old members are reinstating themselves and some who have never identified themselves with the movement are coming in, so we're off to a good start for 1929. If your Local is developing the spasmy pains, just try the infusion of a little new and younger blood. It works."

Successful Co-operative Conference in Calgary

"A Co-operative Store Conference held in Calgary on February 26th was one of the most successful and the most representative gatherings ever held in the Province," states A. P. Moon, manager of the Alberta Co-operative Association Ltd. in a letter to the *U.F.A.* "Many of the questions of vital interest to the successful operation of the stores were discussed at length. The Conference was extremely fortunate in having Dr. J. P. Warbasse present at the gathering. Dr. Warbasse gave a very eloquent and practical address on the necessity of and the advantages to be derived from Consumers' Co-operation. W. H. Caswell, Supervisor of Co-operative Credit Societies, also addressed the meeting. Mr. Caswell gave a very interesting and very practical address in which he outlined the co-operative methods that they have adopted so successfully in the Societies. W. Halsall, Killam, President of the Co-operative Wholesale, presided as chairman of the meeting which was held in the Palliser Hotel."

Seven Years' Progress of Edgerton Co-operative

"We are a consumers' co-op. and seven years old," writes Herbert Woodruff, secretary of Edgerton Co-operative Association, in forwarding a report of the annual meeting. "The association started out with a policy of buying and selling on a strictly cash basis. This was looked upon, to put it mildly, as Utopian, and that we would break away from this policy was the opinion of most people. But there has been no thought of change, and when I tell you that the stock we started with was valued at $750, you will see that the past year's financial report shows a splendid record, which is due to the loyalty of the members and the manager, T. Swindlehurst."

According to the financial statement, the stock on hand at the beginning of 1929 was valued at $15,288.40, with other assets making a total of over $18,000. On the liability side are share capital, $4,567.40; loans $3,642.70; reserve fund $3,301.35; building fund $2,300; net profit $3,163.24, and other items making up the total of $18,472.54. Sales for the year amounted to over $70,000.

The annual meeting was the best in the history of the association, says Mr. Woodruff. A dinner was served, the committee in charge being Mesdames Darling, Musgrave and Lewis. After a musical program by Miss L. Evans, Mrs. Rice, Mrs. Darling, Messrs. Musgrave and W. Hays, the president, E. Herbert Spencer, spoke on the need for "co-operative understanding." The secretary read the directors' report, which announced the decision to open a larger hardware department. The financial statement was explained by Mr. Swindlehurst, to the entire satisfaction of the meeting. The three retiring directors, H. Spencer, W. Kerr and E. Woodruff, were re-elected.

A Day in Committee

Inevitable Conclusion of a Famous Debate

By JAMES P. WATSON

'Twas Blue Monday for the MacGillivray. Within the hallowed walls of the Legislative chamber were drawn up the Wheat Pool forces, armed to the teeth with pros and cons and wherefores and whereases and what nots. Along the bench which adorns the wall to the right of the Speaker, sat several of the elected representatives of the contract signers, while the Manager and A. M. Porter of the Legal Department were on hand to prepare the grenades which were to be tossed by A. Macleod Sinclair, K.C., into the trenches of the Conservatives, the only known part of the Assembly from which attack was expected.

Across the way the Liberals were very conspicuous—by their absence. Only the husky form of J. W. Frame graced the benches of the Shawites. Fred White and old Chris held down their seats, while Honest John Irwin of Calgary, sat a lone and disconsolate figure on the seats of almighty stability. True, D. M. Duggan was present, but preferred to sit out of the line of fire on a soft cushion at the back of the chamber, taking protection, perchance, under the picture of Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen.

Wee Mac was missing. The Committee came to attention, sloped arms and moved to the right in column of route. A. MacLeod Sinclair explained the bill, pointing out the significance of the new features. Then the Committee considered the act clause by clause. There was some demur on the part of the Government sneut Clause 27. It gave too much power to the officials to do things which might be "inconsistent" with the terms of the marketing agreement. So a halt was called, and the clause had to stand over till a fresh viewpoint could be reached by the sponsors of the bill.

* * *

Clause after clause passed the committee in quick succession. Then came the one dealing with limitation of action. The two month period was, in the eyes of the Premier, far too short. Then came a sudden burst of applause from the Assembly, accompanied by a low growl of belligerency. It was the Tory Pilot entering the Chamber. Duggan became alert, and sprang to his place on the firing step behind his leader, while the features of Honest John relaxed with a kind of "well there's no use me worrying anymore" expression written all over him.

The MacGillivray oriented himself. Hem! So they are discussing the time limit and they would like to hear from members what they think of the different clauses, would they? Well, I'll tell them, John, I'll tell them. Amid the hush that precedes the storm, the Conservative Pilot advanced his foot like Fits James about to cross the Rubicon—or was it the Rye?—threw out his chest and went into action. But what a surprise!

The MacGillivray politely told the Assembly that as he had made his position with regard to the various clauses abundantly clear on the floor of the Assembly during the second reading, and in view of the further sad and unfortunate fact that the remainder of the Assembly had in their superior wisdom or rather lack of wisdom, rightly or (I should say) wrongly decided to accept a measure that merely confiscated property and embodied practices which were vicious, he had decreed himself of all responsibility—or in the parlance of the mart—he had "shot his wad."

So Wee Mac sat down and looked round resignedly for a fingerbowl, it being necessary for the Modern Pilot(ate) to wash his hands of the whole affair. But those pesky farmers would not let him. Just as in the Assembly during second reading they had forced a recorded vote which compelled two of the representatives of the business and commercial men of Calgary and one from Edmonton to vote against the measure, while the other representatives of the business and commercial men of these cities threw in their weight for it, so now in Committee the Minister of Public Works drew attention of the members to the fact that *here was the proper place to discuss clauses, while second reading should only have dealt with the general principle*, so that while being in agreement with the general principle of co-operative marketing it did not follow that they should approve each clause as they stood in the bill dealing with details. The Conservative leader had discussed the details on second reading, but now was the proper time and this the proper place for that. So the Minister asked for suggestions on the clauses. The discussion went on, and the farmers decided to extend the time limit. One year was accepted by all concerned in place of two months. Wee Mac remained sullen.

* * *

The work was over. The Chairman asked for a motion to adjourn. George MacLachlan rose to his feet. He had a wee book open in his hand. It was Beauchesne, or some other outlandish interpreter of rules and procedure. He looked at the MacGillivray. He drew the honorable member's attention to several paragraphs. They dealt with private bills. They laid down the law slightly differently with regard to private bills than they did with public ones. The Conservative leader would clearly see how much in error he had been in suggesting that having dealt with details during second reading there was no need to discuss them in committee. He was prepared to loan the book. He was sure it would be an education in procedure to the leader. He hoped it would take effect, and would not again occur—and so on, ad lib, until the Bull was baited, which it was.

Wee Mac had his hand on his heart as he bowed to his informant. He thanked the member for Pembina for his enlightening words. He had to politely decline the loan of the little book, though, as he really had a copy of it somewhere in his trunk, valise, portmanteau, grip or vanity case. He would look it up, old man, but that had nothing to do with the knowledge that the principle of co-operative marketing had been approved away back in 1923 and again in 1925. Were they to keep going on record as being in favor of the principle? No, Sir, it was the detail, the principles in the different clauses of the bill which were important today, and he justified his attitude on second reading.

So the battle ended, and it was disappointing to those who had come to hear intelligent criticism of the measure, for there is no doubt at all that the Directors and Management of the Wheat Pool felt that if the bill had flaws or contained anything contrary to the spirit of the original farmers' co-operative endeavor, that then was the time to discover such flaws or tendencies. There is less detail in the new than in other acts of incorporation, and Mr. Macleod Sinclair expressed the opinion that if less attention to detail had been paid in drawing up the original act the situation would have been better today and less likelihood of court action would have resulted.

Wheat Pool Bill Now In Final Form

Amendments to Clauses 27 and 30 Adopted in Committee

Staff Correspondence

EDMONTON, March 7.—Following detailed discussion this week, first in the Agricultural Committee, and later in the Committee of the Whole, the Wheat Pool Bill reached its final form on Thursday evening March 7th when with amendments involving about twenty words it was presented to the Assembly and ordered given a third reading.

Gordon Walker (U.F.A.) Claresholm, who had sponsored the bill as a private measure, moved that in Section 27 the words "or hereafter" be struck out and the word "were" substituted for "are." This limits the power of the seventy delegates at any meeting called for the purpose of ratifying or validating acts or matters done or deals with by the Pool contrary to or inconsistent with any contract between a member and the Pool to those having occurred before the passing of the act. In the opinion of Premier Brownlee, expressed before the Agricultural Committee on March 5th, this limitation will remove grounds of criticism and take away from the Pool a weapon which its enemies might have used to effect on the occasion of future contract sign-up campaigns.

Mr. Walker also moved that in Section 30 the limitation of action clause be changed from two months to one year *dating from the date on which the cause of action occurred*. It was explained by Mr. Macleod Sinclair that the two months limit was convenient for accounting purposes; and that when that time had passed it did not much matter whether it was three months or six. It was suggested that the period be twelve months, but dating as above *rather than from the time of ratification by a meeting of the delegates*.

When the bill has received the formality of third reading and the assent of the Lieutenant-Governor, one of the most important pieces of legislation passed this session will have become law.

British ex-Premier Gives Views on Press

Immense Costs of Publication Killing Independent Press—Unity is Solution, Says Labor Leader

Writing in *Glasgow Forward* on the difference between the commercial press and a press which is owned by and controlled in the interests of the great masses of the people, the Rt. Hon. James Ramsay Macdonald, British ex-Premier and leader of the Labor party, recently pointed out that the maintenance of newspapers, devoted solely to the public interest, and not to the profits of owners or to the

furtherance of the personal ambitions of men of wealth, depended for its success upon unity among the people themselves.

"A newspaper published for enlightenment is, of course, a very different thing in its very nature from one published for profit," he stated. "The million circulation and the capital running into millions are killing the former type of paper, and everyone who believes that knowledge, good judgment and conviction are necessary for the maintenance of democracy must wonder what sort of civic intelligence the next generation is to possess. . . . If we could only stick together as closely in our own interests as we join together in the interest of those who use us for their own enrichment, our press would be the best established property in the country."

Control of National Credit on More Equitable Basis Asked by U.F.A.

Annual Convention Debates Credit Reform—Urges That as Basis of National Credit Increases, New Credit Be Issued by Treasury Board

As a sequel to one of the most interesting discussions of Convention week, in which the subject of credit and financial reform and of social credit was discussed by members of the Association, including officers of the U.F.A. and members of the House of Commons, who have made over a term of years a very close study of these matters, the following resolution was unanimously adopted by the Annual Convention of the United Farmers of Alberta in Edmonton, at the afternoon session of the closing day:

Whereas, our Western members have consistently fought for better control of national credit on a more equitable basis:

Therefore, be it resolved, that we insistently urge continued effort along this line with a view to evolving some system that will better safeguard the rights of the people in the realm of finance; and

That as the basis of national credit increases and demands a greater amount of credit and currency to take care of increasing business, this additional credit be issued by the Treasury Board.

Follows Adoption of Committee's Report

As originally passed by the Camrose Federal Constituency Association, and moved in the Provincial Convention by Hector MacKenzie, the resolution consisted of the first two clauses only. The third, which is printed in black, was added on motion of I. V. Macklin of Grande Prairie. It embodied a proposal which Mr. Macklin had advanced at an earlier stage in the Convention. The discussion followed the unanimous adoption of the report of the Committee of the U.F.A. Central Board on Banking and Credit, presented in behalf of the Committee by J. K. Sutherland.

Remarking that there was a tendency in some quarters to look upon those who discuss credit reform with some suspicion, C. H. McFarquhar, of Cremona, quoted Rt. Hon. Reginald McKenna, formerly British Chancellor of the Exchequer and now president of the Midland Bank, in support of the cause of reform, and showed that he had taken a leading part in the fight against certain orthodoxies in financial policy. It was Mr. McKenna who in an official pronouncement explained that contrary to the more orthodox view, "loans create deposits." Mr. McFarquhar commended the splendid pioneer work which, he said, had been carried on by the U.F.A. members at Ottawa in behalf of credit reform, and urged that greater space should be given to the discussion of this subject in *The U.F.A.* The present space allotted to it was felt, by those interested in the subject, to be quite inadequate.

John Egger, in a brief speech, supported the resolution. Explaining that currency, bank notes and credit were the principal media of exchange, he quoted Mr. McKenna to the effect that 95 per cent of the business of the modern world is done on credit. He declared that the Government of Canada, in common with the Governments of other great commercial states, was controlled in large measure by the banks. In this country those who controlled the Bank of Montreal and the C.P.R. were largely instrumental in directing Government policy in fundamental economic matters.

Spencer Supports Resolution

Recalling the first big fight for credit reform in Canada, when the Bank Act came up for revision in 1923, Henry E. Spencer, M.P., said that unfortunately few men under the present system of monetary control, were free agents. No man who was dependent upon credit, under this system, was a free agent, since his credit could be cut off.

Alluding to the legal limit of 7 per cent upon bank interest, Mr. Spencer said he supposed that not a man in the hall had obtained his loan at 7 per cent. Every one had to pay more, because there was no penalty. Both in committee and on the floor of the House, the U.F.A. members and those associated with them, fought for the imposition of a penalty, and were beaten by a majority of 91. The consequence was that the banks, in spite of the law, charged "all the traffic would bear." "And that," added the member, "is why this subject should be discussed more fully throughout the country, so that more people will get behind their members and give them instructions as to what to do in regard to such subjects as this."

Mr. Spencer gave an interesting review of what had been fought for, and in a number of important instances, accomplished, since the fight of 1923, and advised all who could to obtain copies of the proceedings of the Parliamentary investigation of that year, and of 1928, when the members were again successful in obtaining an investigation. At that inquiry it was shown, incidentally, that there was very little connection between the total amount of loans and the total amount of deposits. To imagine that what were loaned out by the banks were "savings deposits" was to be very largely in error. Canada, as Sir Thomas White had shown, subscribed more than twice as much in war loans as all the "money" in the Dominion. It was created credit. Most loans were created by customers. All that was needed to create "money" of this type was a customer on the one hand and a ledger and pen on the other. The borrowers made use of their own credit.

Inflation and Deflation

Touching upon other features of the financial system, Mr. Spencer said that under the present system of monetary control, the financial interests could encourage loans to the greatest extent possible, because they could call them in. If credit were made easily, without increasing buying power in proportion, prices would rise; and if credit or buying power were reduced, prices would fall. Therein lay the cause of the deflation of 1920-21. "*It matters not if you cut down your rate of interest to 2 per cent,*" said the member, "*if the powers that have that control contract or adjust the prices by deflation, you may be worse off than you were before your cut in interest rate was made.* It is because of that fact, because of the tremendous power that the financial interests have in their monetary control, that they can bring about inflation or deflation, they can make trade good or bad, they can say if an industry shall be started or stopped, and they can create war or peace."

Irvine Expresses Views

Following the moving of Mr. Macklin's amendment, William Irvine, M.P., supporting the proposal, said that in his understanding nothing new was asked. "We are simply asking," he said, "that what is now produced by every credit institution in Canada shall be produced by the Treasury Board in the interests of the people of Canada. Here is all that transpires when you issue your own credit: if you have 100 pigs to take to market, and they are not quite ready and the chop has run out, you go to the bank to get money enough to buy enough chop to finish your pigs properly. Now, if you had nothing when you went to the bank, that would be what you would come out with; but you take your 100 pigs. The banker permits you to draw out a couple of pigs by the tail at 8 per cent interest, in order to get chop to feed the rest of them. Now if our Finance Minister when he went to New York to borrow money had nothing, he would come back with nothing. But he takes Canada in his pocket and puts her in the column and comes back with a fraction of her, plus interest on the bonds, which tie us forever." All that was asked was that Canada as a Dominion should issue her own credit.

Mr. Macklin, speaking briefly, said that as Canada expanded, as more money was needed to carry on the business of the country, and in proportion to the requirements, not by way of any unwarranted inflation, it should be issued by the Government authority which represented the whole Canadian people.

A Defeated Resolution

Prior to the general discussion on credit reform, a resolution from the Peace River Provincial C. A. moved by Mr. Macklin, was debated, and lost on a somewhat close vote. It was as follows:

Whereas, we believe the time is now ripe for systematic annual reduction of the National Debt;

Be it resolved, that we ask the Dominion Government to consider the advisability of paying off the National Debt by the amortization plan, whereby the payment annually of 1 per cent of the principal together with the interest, the debt will be wiped out in 34½ years.

The discussion on this resolution was participated in by Mr. Gardiner, Mr. McFarquhar, Mr. Irvine, who offered some criticisms, and by the mover. It involved some aspects of the problem of credit reform which cannot be dealt with

eloquently in the space of a brief report. It was brought to a somewhat abrupt conclusion at noon on Wednesday, and Mr. Mackie's speech in closing the debate, in which he explained that in his opinion it would be perfectly legitimate to use treasury notes at least in part, aided if necessary by taxation, in order to meet the annual payments in respect to the National Debt proposed in the resolution, was unavoidably curtailed.

A USEFUL PAMPHLET

"Weeds and Weed Seeds" is the title of a very useful pamphlet issued by the Federal Department of Agriculture, containing illustrations of seeds and plants of a large number of weeds, together with a description of the plant and the methods for eradication. Copies can be secured from the King's Printer, Ottawa.

U.F.A. Banking and Credit Committee Makes Recommendations

Report to Convention Deals With General Subject of Credit Reform and With Insurance, Long Term Loans and Other Matters—Commends Address of H. E. Spencer, M.P.

The report printed below was presented at the U.F.A. Annual Convention by the Banking and Credit Committee of the Central Board, and adopted unanimously. Members of the Committee are A. F. Aitken, chairman, J. K. Sutherland and J. A. Johansen.

Another year has just rolled by into history and your committee believe that a number of factors have transpired in that time not only worthy of note, but indicative of the great amount of importance now being ascribed to the very important question of banking and credit. Among the encouraging incidents in this respect we note the warning of Premier Baldwin, of Great Britain, to the British banks, in which he advises them against too rigid a control over industry.

We find even the conservative-minded manufacturers of England complaining of the policies of the Bank of England. We quote from a report issued by the British Electrical and Allied Manufacturers' Association. The report says:

"It is already clear that a new period of trade depression has set in and that it must be attributed wholly to the financial policy pursued in this country since the beginning of the year. It is already evident that the financial policy of the Bank of England, approved by the Government, has been a very powerful factor in interfering with the normal growth of business and has been directly responsible for the state of depression in the country since March."

Labor Party's Declaration

We would like to refer to the recent declaration of the British Labor Party in regard to its policy on banking and credit. The four main points are as follows:

1. The control of the Bank of England by a corporation containing such essential factors in the community as the Treasury, Board of Trade, Industry, Labor and the Co-operative movement.

2. The extension of existing banking facilities to the people of small means by the spread of Municipal and Co-operative banks throughout the country.

3. Such changes in the banking and financial system as will secure that the available supply of credit and of savings shall be used for enterprises of national advantage, as distinct from those that are useless or socially injurious, and an enquiry into the best method of achieving this purpose.

4. The carrying out of the Geneva Conference proposals of 1922 for the regulation of the value of gold by International agreement.

As it is possible that the British Labor Party may hold a position of great responsibility after the coming elections in the United Kingdom, the above is very significant.

Might we further note that in the staid, respectable conservative columns of *Punch* we find a cartoon, possibly for the first time in history, severely criticising the Bank of England for holding up industry and causing unemployment.

In so far as Canadian conditions are concerned we believe we are on very safe ground in declaring that more and more attention is being given all over the country to the question of the social control of credit.

State Insurance

As an instance of this we would refer to the great amount of interest now being taken in the question of State Insurance. The vast, almost unbelievable, sums of money which the great insurance companies have at their disposal all derived from the people, lead us to believe that were those undertakings state owned and controlled this reservoir of money would be more readily available for the legitimate needs of industry and agriculture.

Again we would reiterate our warning of last year in regard to deflation. When the next period is due we do not know, but we do know that the man with the least liabilities will be the man with the least anxiety as to his business affairs when that time of stress and trial appears.

The usual yearly conference was held by your Committee with Mr. Reid, Provincial Treasurer, and our Federal Members. We believe that all concerned were satisfied with the meeting.

We are very glad to note, according to despatches recently published in the press, that Hon. Mr. Robb had finally secured a Chairman for the Board of the Federal Long Term Farm Loan Act, and as we have the assurance of Hon. Mr. Reid that our Provincial Government is all ready to inaugurate the scheme just as soon as the Federal Government appointed the Federal Board, we can look for the Act to be in operation in Alberta in the near future.

Committee's Recommendations

After a close study of the whole field of Banking and Credit, your Committee make the following recommendations for your consideration:

First—That when the Long Term Farm Loan Scheme is being inaugurated in this Province, both the co-operative and individual loan methods be made use of. This we regard as being absolutely essential to the success of the undertaking.

Second—We would repeat our recommendation of last year in regard to a Federal Bank of issue and rediscount. This we believe to be one of the essential steps in credit reform.

Third—Now that we are about to have Long Term Farm Credits your committee is of the opinion that the U.F.A. organization should give its attention to the question of intermediate credits and should press for some relief in this direction.

Fourth—Your committee, in reviewing the successful operation of our Co-operative Marketing Pools in this Province, are very much impressed by this one thought: That here in the operation of these Pools we have demonstrated that co-operation can be substituted for the competitive method, and achieve even more efficient results. Now if this can be done in the handling of commodities, is there any reason to suppose we should be any less successful in adopting co-operative methods to the control and distribution of currency and credit? And we further recommend that the U.F.A. request the Banking and Credit Committee to investigate the feasibility of establishing Co-operative Banks.

Five—We would like to congratulate Mr. H. E. Spencer, M.P., on the splendid address which he gave on the subject of credit for the farmer before the Alberta Institute of Co-operation last summer, and we would very strongly recommend to this Convention that we urge upon the Trustees and those in charge of the Alberta Institute of Co-operation that in future Institutes much more time be given to the question of the social control of credit, as we have in this Province a number of men very well qualified to speak on this all-important question, and we should miss no opportunity for discussion and exchange of thought in regard to this very vital matter.

Credit Reform Cartoon

The cartoon from London *Punch* printed on the front page of this issue is alluded to in the report of the U.F.A. Banking and Credit Committee.

The Federation of British Industries, as well as such eminent men in the financial world as the late Lord Milner and the Right Hon. Reginald McKenna, chairman of the Midland Bank, have of late years been critical of certain features of Bank of England policy, which, it is contended, has not been in the best interests of the community. Similar criticism has been offered by some prominent members of the Labor party.

The appearance of the *Punch* cartoon is of interest to Canadians, because, just as it has been customary to silence criticism of the Bank of England by the suggestion of infallibility, so until the U.F.A. and allied groups were instrumental in bringing about the first serious inquiry by the House of Commons into the bases of credit, it had been customary to silence every attempt to institute such an inquiry by the slogan: "The Canadian Banking system is the best in the world."

"The world will not stand still because a few individuals are shocked when it changes."—*The New Leader.*

NEWS FROM THE HEAD OFFICE of the ALBERTA LIVESTOCK POOL

Official Information for Members of the Alberta Co-operative Livestock Producers, Ltd.

Pool Board Empowered to Acquire Packing Plant Facilities

Annual Meeting of Alberta Livestock Pool Authorizes Board to Act If Found Desirable—Delegates Plan New Advances in 1929—Recommendations of Board of Directors

Instructing the Board of Directors of the Alberta Livestock Pool to investigate the feasibility of acquiring packing plant facilities, and empowering them to acquire such facilities if found desirable, a resolution was unanimously adopted at the Annual Meeting of the Pool held in Edmonton on March 5th and 6th. The resolution was a consolidation, by the resolutions committee, of six which had been submitted by locals of the Pool.

Fred McDonald and J. W. May presided capably as alternate chairmen of the two days' sessions. A total of 38 delegates representing 33 Locals attended, and there were in addition 32 registered visitors from Local boards. The meeting was a most successful one, and revealed the determination of the membership through their delegates to press on to new and greater objectives in the coming year.

Provision is made under the new contract approved by the delegates for share stock, and also for payment to be made for live hogs on a Pool basis if the Directors deem this necessary in financing. The new contract is very similar to the old, in most respects, but it makes provision for Central to appoint a trustee for a local association when the Directors find this advisable in the interests of the association.

Officers for the coming year were elected as follows

District A—J. E. Evenson, Taber; District B—A. B. Claypool, Swalwell; District C—Fred McDonald, Mirror; District D—Alfred Haarstad, Bentley; District E—H. N. Stearns, Innisfree; District F—Donald Macleod, Lake St. Isle; District G—Fred Marples, Spirit River. The Executive are: A. B. Claypool, chairman, H. N. Stearns and Alfred Haarstad. V. K. Newnham was appointed secretary-treasurer of the Board.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

That the Pool is in a position to consider the acquirement of its own packing facilities, was the opinion expressed by the Board of Directors in the course of their annual report. Such co-operative packing plants as had failed in Canada and the United States, stated the report, had done so owing to the fact that the plants were built without control of the hogs, and that as soon as a plant was built, opposition packers overpaid in the territory tributary to the plant and left the plant idle, to be eaten up by overhead charges. "Today," the report continued, "we have control of the hogs, and if that control can be continued under our new contract, we are in a position that with prudence and caution we can enter into the packing house business with every prospect of success, and the possibility of a reward well justifying the endeavor. Hogs are the mainstay of packing plants, as pork, once it is in the freezer, or in cure, is just as stable a product as wheat. Beef is a sensitive trade, being almost entirely on a fresh meat basis, and for the first few years at least, we would only handle the kind and quality required by the trade."

"Our market should be of the best, because in producing a standard article of equal merit with our competitors, we would have the hearty support of our own people as well as union people, and co-operators generally. The fact that we are in the packing business will not create one more pound of pork than there was before, and pork is always in demand. By allowing your organization to pay its members on the basis of the finished article you would have the live hog price more in line with the wholesale pork products price. You would also eliminate the trucking evil, and the problem of yard expense."

Survey of Yard Operations

In the course of a survey of the first year's operations on Calgary and Edmonton yards, the opinion is expressed that the position is a good one, in view of the fact that the Pool began with certain prejudices against co-operative marketing among some of the producers of the Province, especially in districts adjacent to Calgary. Net profit was shown on both yards of approximately similar amounts. It is pointed out that the Central Livestock Co-operative with which the Pool became affiliated on January 1st, 1928, had a very successful year on the St. Boniface market, handling in all 1861 cars of livestock for the year, with a value of $3,636,702.35. In December these yards handled 20.4 per cent of the business done on the yards, their closest competitor handling 10.4 per cent. The best of co-operative service had been given on these yards.

The report deals with the creation of the Canadian Livestock Producers, Ltd., whose function as an all-Canadian organization to co-ordinate sales policies of the Pools throughout Canada and perform other important services has been already described in this department.

Dominion Advisory Committee

Following a recommendation made by the last Annual Meeting of the Alberta Pool, representation was given to the co-operatives on the Advisory Committee on hog policies of the Dominion Minister of Agriculture, in the person of the chairman of the Alberta Pool, and the opinion is expressed that this committee provides the best opportunity available of reaching the ear of the Dominion Government, through the Minister of Agriculture, on questions of hog policy.

Reference is made to the attendance of Mr. Haarstad at the International Pool Conference in Regina last year, and to the fact that the sub-conferences on this occasion revealed that the same conditions prevailed in other countries as in Canada, and that only by taking hold of matters themselves could the producers hope to attain their objectives. The Pool Board also co-operated in the carrying on of the Alberta Institute of Agriculture by appointing a representative, and would do so again in 1929. The Board, through its representative on the Western Canada Livestock Union, had reaffirmed their stand in regard to packers' condemnation insurance. The Dominion Government had not seen fit to respond to the request of the Union to call a committee together.

Advise Shippers' Conferences

The Board recommended the holding of shippers' conferences at both Calgary and Edmonton in the near future, where all shippers' problems could be discussed, so that new shippers could avail themselves of the experiences of the older shippers.

It is recommended that a new sign-up campaign be started immediately after spring work and completed before harvest, and the report concludes:

"Four years' experience on uncharted seas has given your Board abundant opportunity not only to mark out and chart obstacles and pitfalls in our course, but also to prove the seaworthiness of our organization. The bulk of our membership are honest, loyal and sincere co-operators, who understand what our organization is trying to accomplish. With the support of such a membership the future holds great promise."

SHAVE THE STOCK MARKET

YOUNG, Sask.—A local farmer joined the Young, Saskatchewan, Co-operative Society in 1914, buying a $20 share. He bought supplies through the Society and each year left his patronage dividends with the organization until the share was worth $100, the limit set. Then he continued to leave his annual dividends as loan capital until the sum reached the limit of $400, since which time he has drawn dividends. He now owns $100 share capital, $400 loan capital, and has received $350 cash as interest and dividends.

ONLY IN THAT CASE

Blackton: "Does your wife open your letters?"

Whitewoke: "Only those marked 'private'."

A Review of Activities in the House of Commons

A "Stand Pat" Budget—Canada Endorses Kellogg Pact—Highways and Federal Aid—The Natural Resources—C.N.R. Branch Program.

By
DONALD M. KENNEDY, M.P.
U.F.A. Member for Peace River

OTTAWA, March 2.—In this article I propose to deal with the work of the House of Commons of Canada during the last two weeks of February.

The House of Commons in that time has dealt with a score of important matters and as many more of lesser importance. Some of the debates lasted two and three days. This survey must therefore be "sketchy". The only satisfactory way to follow the business of the House is by taking Hansard. It is well indexed, and can be secured by writing the Editor of Debates, House of Commons, Ottawa. The price is $3.00 per session.

The main estimates for the year 1929-30 were introduced by the Minister of Finance on February 18th. The Government proposes to spend three hundred and ninety-one millions as against three hundred and eight-five millions last year. In addition to this there are various money bills introduced, or about to be introduced, e.g., loans to Harbor Commissioners, ten millions to Montreal, ten millions to Vancouver, etc. The Budget was introduced yesterday, March 1st, and the surplus for the last fiscal year is placed at nearly seventy millions. It may not look as large after Bennett is through explaining just how the amount of estimated surplus is arrived at. The Budget is largely a "stand pat" Budget; no big change of any sort is proposed—though of course, a reduction in taxation is announced by the Minister of Finance.

* * *

One of the outstanding debates of the session so far was the debate on the motion of the Prime Minister for ratification of the Multilateral Treaty for the renunciation of War—"The Kellogg Pact."

The debate continued for almost two whole days. The motion was passed unanimously by the House. The subject lends itself to oratory and we had many eloquent speeches. King, Bennett, Garland and others spoke. "Ted's" speech compared with the best. Mr. King informed the House that 62 of the 64 nations of the world had intimated their intention to adhere to the provisions of the Treaty. Article II. of the Treaty reads:

> "The high contracting parties agree that the settlement or solution of all disputes or conflicts of whatever nature or of whatever origin they may be which may arise among them, shall never be sought except by pacific means."

Does it mean the finish of war? We do not know. It seems to have all the marks of a determined effort to get away from it. Of course reservations have been made regarding "wars of self defence," and the difficulty is to say just what is a "war of self defence."

Another matter definitely related to war, which has been before the Commons, was the Government's proposal to pay certain reparation claims. These are claims of Canadians who suffered loss due to the fact that we were at war. A typical example of the claims coming within the reparation terms, is that of fishermen who had their boats and "catch" sunk by German submarines.

The Government had somewhere between ten and fifteen millions in the Consolidated Revenue fund of the country, of Reparation money paid by Germany under Article 231 of the Treaty of Versailles, and they are proposing to pay out $2,500,000 which of course is insufficient to allow payment of all the claims allowed by Commissioner Friel, in full. Ernest, the member for "Queens-Lunenburg" in Nova Scotia, criticised the Government's proposal as being altogether inadequate and unfair.

* * *

Donald Kellner, from Athabasca, introduced his motion on February 18th asking the House to express its opinion,

> "that the Government should consider the advisability that a further Federal grant be made to cover the next five years development of highway construction."

This proposal was strongly supported by the Conservatives. Carmichael, the Progressive member for Kindersley, Saskatchewan, moved an amendment enlarging the proposed "five years development of highway construction" by striking out these words and substituting "to construct as expeditiously as possible from Coast to Coast an all Canadian Highway."

Mr. King made a vigorous reply. He pointed out that the proposed Coast to Coast highway would cost in the opinion of the officials of the Highway Department about $200,000,000; 4000 miles at $50,000 per mile. He seemed annoyed at the Conservatives for their support of the proposal and gave the House many figures regarding the extravagance of the Conservatives when they were in office. He trotted out again the old story that the Tories financed the war on borrowed money instead of taxes; the result being that the Liberals had to face a very difficult financial situation when they took charge in 1921, but through their wisdom and careful handling the country successfully turned the corner from deficits and hard times to prosperity and surpluses. Mr. King hinted that if the House were to pass all the resolutions on the order paper calling for the expenditure of money, we would have as bad a financial condition as we had under Tory rule, previous to 1921. He cleverly got round the point that all he was asked to do was to make a beginning on the highway or to vote a grant extending over five years. Both proposals were voted down by the Government followers.

* * *

Dr. Edwards introduced his motion:

> "That in the opinion of the House the Western Provinces should have their Natural Resources."

This motion passed the House unanimously.

Mr. Speakman, of Red Deer, moved an amendment striking out one clause in the motion that referred to claims of other Provinces in respect to the transfer of the Natural Resources to the Western Provinces. This amendment was withdrawn after Dunning's speech in which he stressed the point that the motion merely said "the claims of other Provinces should be investigated." Of course the passing of the motion is the expression of an opinion of the House. It does not settle the details of claims as between the Dominion and the Province with regard to the transfer of the resources.

D. M. KENNEDY, M.P.

C.N.R. Branch Line Program

The branch line program of the Canadian National Railways is before the Railway Committee. The much discussed and contentious proposed line from near Saskatoon to Melfort has been up on Thursday and Friday last. Delegations from Saskatoon and Melfort and the district between favoring both the C.N.R. and the C.P.R., have made representations, and they have made it clear to me at least that it is wise to to hear both sides before coming to a conclusion. For instance, yesterday we were informed that Melfort and district was 100 per cent for the C.P.R. We also had a petition presented of 400 names, all persons of 21 years or over from Melfort and district, favoring the C.N.R. with the explanation that the largest poll ever registered in the district was 400 votes. Immediately a wire was read from two persons who asked that their names be struck off the petition. The matter is not yet decided.

Warm Debate on Power Project

A very warm debate has been going on regarding the Seven Sisters Falls in Manitoba. It came up on a motion by J. S. Woodsworth, in which he asked that the alienation of Natural Resources be made subject to ratification by Parlia-

(Continued on page 20)

News from Alberta Wheat Pool Head Office

Information for Members and Locals Issued by the Publicity Department of the Alberta Wheat Pool

Brief History of the Wheat Pool

Synopsis of Pool Movement in Western Canada

In view of a continued demand from members and others for a concise story of the Wheat Pools of Western Canada, the following brief history is herewith printed. It might be well for Pool members to retain a copy of this article.

There are four Canadian Wheat Pools: the Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta Wheat Pools and the Ontario Grain Pool. The three Western Pools are linked together in the Central Selling Agency, (also called the Canadian Wheat Pool) which is a subsidiary of the three Pools and is owned and controlled by them.

The three Pools of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta have started on their second five-year contract period. These three Canadian Pools have a total membership of approximately a hundred and forty thousand farmers joined together in the world's greatest non-profit producers' co-operative marketing association. It is not quite five years since the Alberta Pool received its first car-load of wheat, yet in that short time the Canadian Wheat Pool has become the leading marketing agency for Canadian wheat, handling more than half of all the wheat sold by Canadian farmers. The total wheat acreage under crop in Western Canada is estimated at about twenty-three million acres. Between fourteen and fifteen million acres of this total is already under contract to the Wheat Pools.

Pool an Evolution

The Canadian Wheat Pool is an evolution rather than a revolution in the grain marketing system of Canada. The pioneer farmers of our Canadian West, after they had found out by a long series of experiments on their farms and the Dominion experimental farms the varieties of wheat which under proper cultural methods would give a satisfactory yield of high quality wheat, were faced with the necessity of improving marketing methods if the grain grower was to have any margin above the bare cost of production for his crop.

For more than thirty years the wheat farmers of the West were engaged in a continuous struggle for some measure of control over the marketing of their grain. In the report of the Royal Grain Enquiry, 1925, it is stated that:

"Between the year 1897 and the outbreak of the Great War in 1914, thirteen investigations into various departments of the grain trade were held by Royal Commissioners, in some cases appointed by Federal and in other cases by Provincial authority. All of these investigations were prompted by complaints emanating from the producers of grain and they all resulted in the bringing about of at least some beneficial changes in the conditions complained of."

Growers Become Shareholders

The grain growers did not rely solely on legislative checks to secure more satisfactory returns for their wheat; they became grain handlers on a large scale themselves. In September, 1906, the Grain Growers' Grain Company, now the United Grain Growers, was launched as a farmers' co-operative grain handling company. In 1911 the Saskatchewan Co-operative Elevator Company, formed along somewhat similar lines, and recently absorbed by the Saskatchewan Wheat Pool, was formed. Both companies were very successful but were regarded by many farmers as serving largely as gathering agencies for the speculative grain trade without exercising any stabilizing influence on the market. The World War, which brought into operation government control and centralized marketing, and the disastrous slump in the price of all farm crops and especially of wheat when the Canada Wheat Board was discontinued in 1919, brought about a strong sentiment in favor of the re-establishment of the Wheat Board as a permanent institution. When all attempts to bring back the Wheat Board failed, a campaign for a voluntary Wheat Pool was launched in the three prairie Provinces.

The Alberta Pool was the first organized and opened for business on October 19th, 1923, with a membership of 26,000 and 2,535,300 acres under contract.

Saskatchewan and Manitoba completed their organization the following year, Manitoba with 5,000 members and 720,000 acres under contract and Saskatchewan with 47,000 members and approximately 7,000,000 acres under contract. As soon as the three Provincial Pools were organized a Central Selling Agency was formed, with a Board of Directors composed of three representatives from each of the three Provincial boards. This selling agency has been in full control of the marketing of the grain which is collected and turned over to it for sale by the three Provincial Pools, and recently by the newly organized Ontario Grain Pool.

Contract Essential Feature

A five-year contract, which has stood the test of the courts, is an essential feature of the Pools. This contract binds the farmer to deliver during the term of the contract all the wheat grown by him except registered seed wheat, and his own seed and feed requirements. From the proceeds of the sale of wheat the Pool may deduct one per cent of the gross selling price for a commercial reserve, and may deduct an additional two cents per bushel for the purchase of elevators and facilities for the handling of grain.

Pool Statistics

The following review of the activities of the Canadian Wheat Pool for the past year shows what a commanding position is already holds in the grain marketing field:

The three Provincial Pools delivered 209,871,373 bushels of wheat, or 51.5 per cent of the total inspections for the year in the western inspection division to the Central Selling Agency during the crop year of 1927-28. The carryover from the 1925 wheat crop was 10,319,764 bushels, for the 1926 wheat crop 7,418,971 bushels, and for the 1927 crop nil. The total wheat deliveries to Central in 1926-27 were 179,959,000, in 1925-26 they were 187,970,000, and in 1924-25, over 81,870,000. In 1923-24 the Alberta Pool handled 34,219,000 bushels. The Central Selling Agency also sold 16,081,000 bushels of coarse grains for Manitoba and Saskatchewan Pools in 1927-28 and 21,161,000 in 1926-27 and 25,000,000 in 1925-26.

In round numbers the combined membership of the three Wheat Pools for the past three years was as follows: 1924-25, 91,000; 1925-26, 122,000; 1926-27 140,000. In round numbers the wheat acreage under contract to the three Pools for the past three years was as follows: 1924-25 10,700,000; 1925-26 14,000,000; 1926-27 and 1927-28 15,000,000. The combined elevator and commercial reserve of the three Pools now stands at more than $20,000,000. The three Pools now operate more than 1,400 country elevators (all but thirty owned outright by the Pools) with a total storage capacity of about 50,000,000 bushels and eleven terminal elevators with a total capacity of 33,600,000 bushels. Two new terminal elevators, at Vancouver and Port Arthur, with a combined capacity of 9,500,000 bushels, were constructed this year and are now handling the 1928 crop.

The Central Selling Agency shipped grain to 20 countries through 68 ports during 1927-28, exporting directly over 114,000,000 bushels. The Pool's largest customers, in the order named were: Great Britain, Holland, Italy, Germany, China and Japan. The amount of Pool wheat taken by these countries varied from 36,000,000 imported by Great Britain, to 10,500,000 imported by China and Japan.

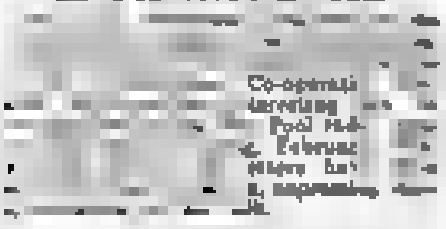
Manitoba.—During the crop year of 1927-28, the Manitoba Pool received 11,194,279 bushels of wheat and 4,712,107 bushels of coarse grains. The Manitoba Pool handled 9,914,893 bushels through 88 country elevators, which it operated during the past year. Manitoba now has 143 Pool elevators.

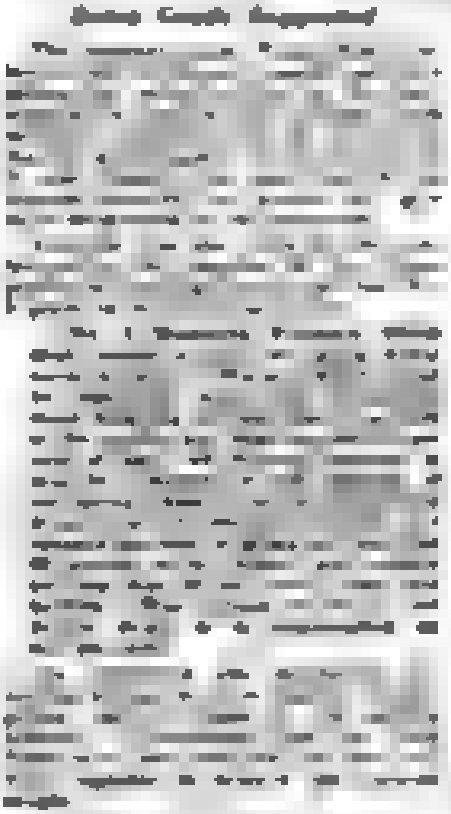
Saskatchewan. — The Saskatchewan Pool received 127,559,494 bushels of wheat and 1,881,039 bushels of coarse grains during 1927-28. Over 100,000,000 bushels of grain were handled through 727 Pool elevators in Saskatchewan in 1927-28. Saskatchewan has now 967 pool elevators in operation in the Province. The Saskatchewan Pool operates five terminal elevators at Port Arthur, which have a combined capacity of 25,000,000 bushels, and a 2,000,000 bushel transfer house at Buffalo.

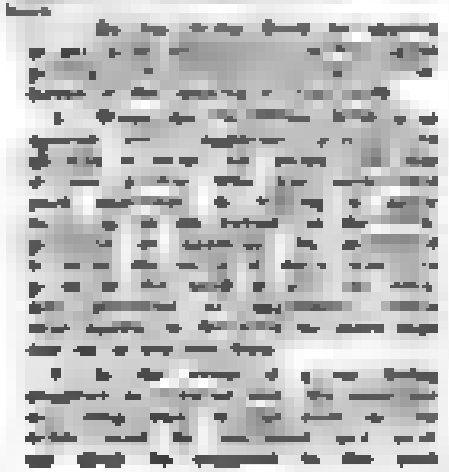
Alberta.—During the crop year of 1927-28 the Alberta Pool received 71,117,900 bushels of wheat. The Alberta Pool handled 27,400,000 bushels of wheat through 158 elevators in 1927-28. This Pool now operates over 300 country elevators. The Alberta Pool operates the new 1,250,000 bushel terminal elevator at Prince Rupert and the 1,650,000 bushel terminal at Vancouver, and a new 2,400,000 bushel terminal at Vancouver.

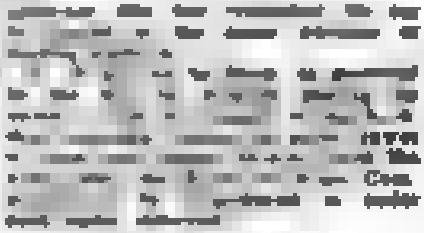
The Wheat Pools owned no grain handling facilities when they began opera-

Interprovincial Pool Conference







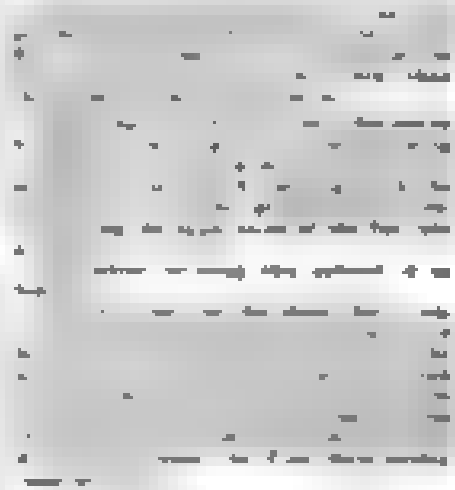


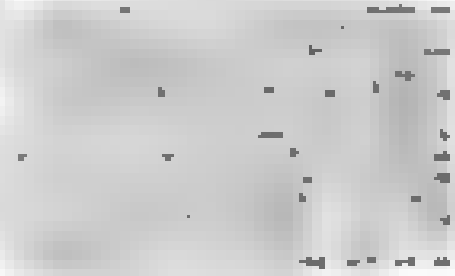
Weekly Herald on Wheat Pool B.S

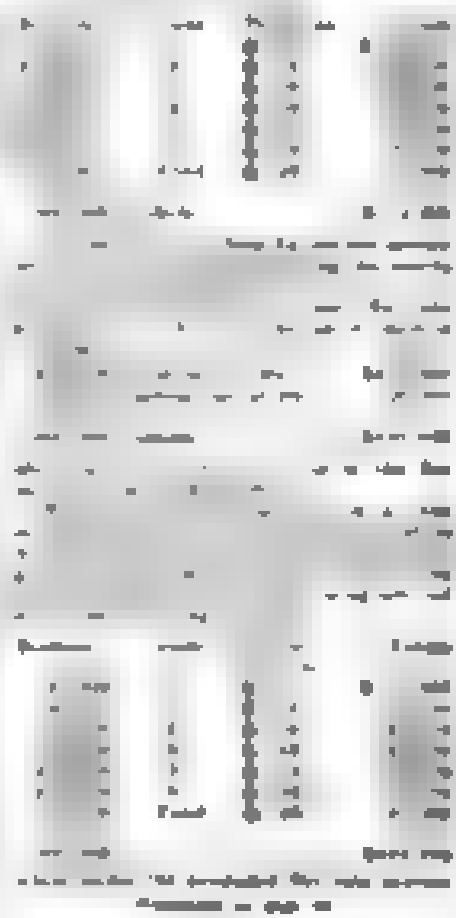
News & Views

Suggests Flat Payment

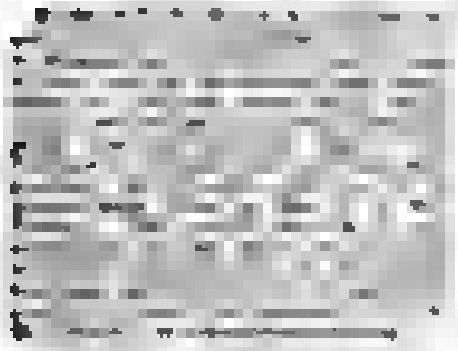
Wheat Lobby U.F.A. Local Presents New Plan for Acreage Rent Payments







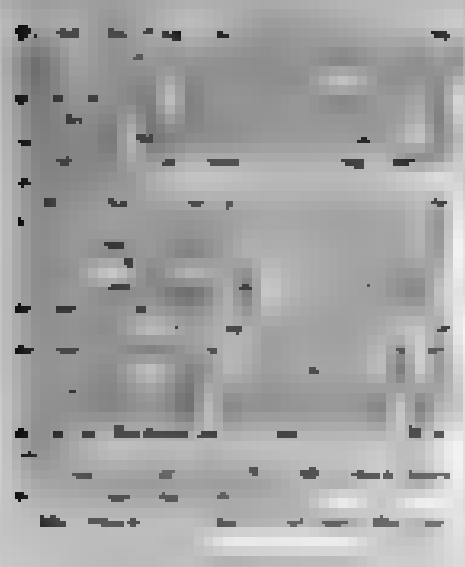
Power Development as Public Utility Contemplated as Possibility in Resolution of Assembly

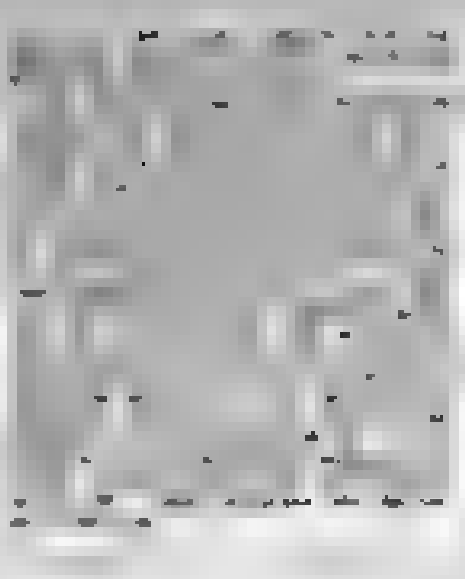


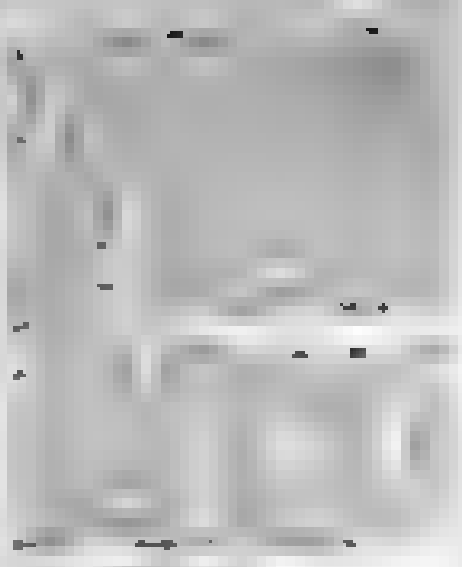
Libro and Libro-ac-Nets

Concerted Conservative-Liberal Attack on Ministry of Health Collapses When Vote Comes on Resolution

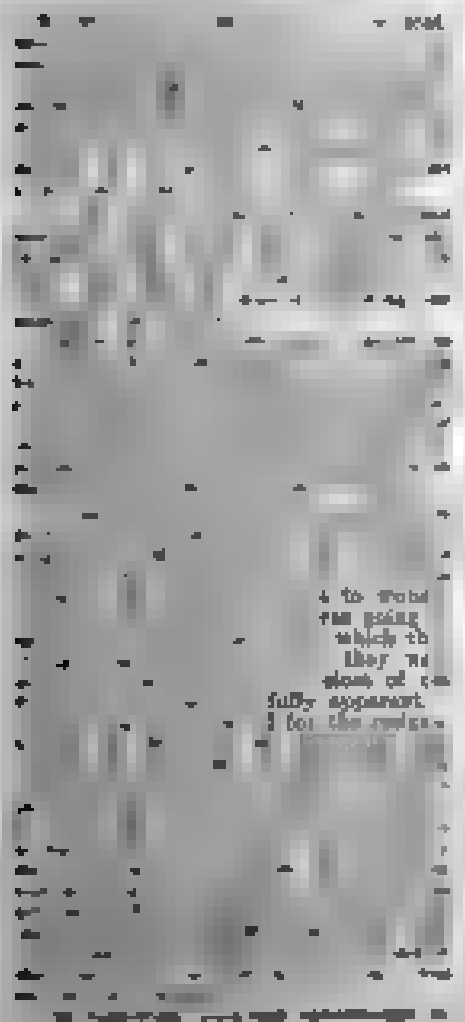
Resolution Moved by Professor Brownlee on Hain-Lee Report

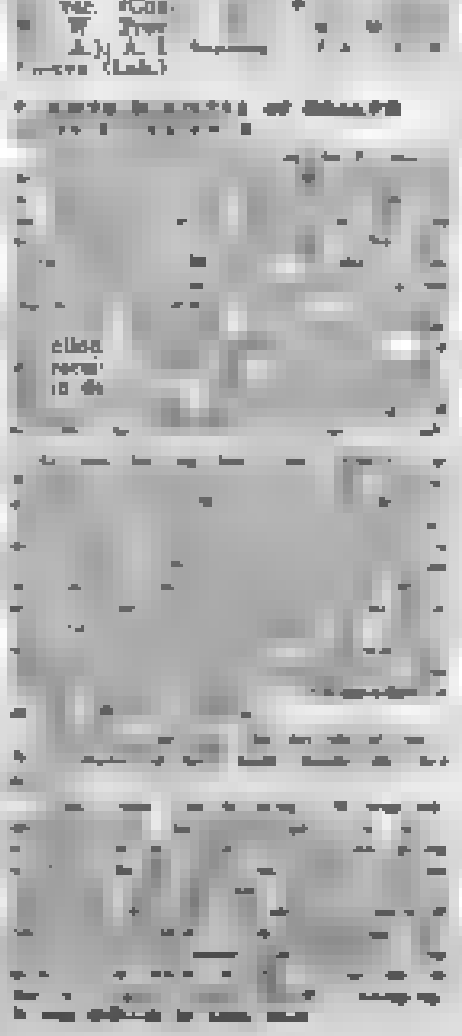




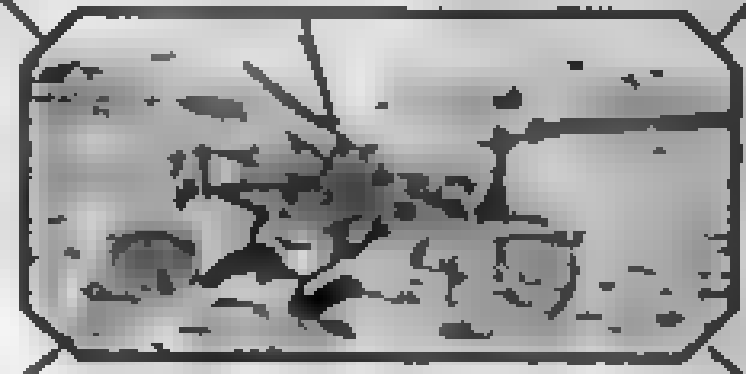


Assembly Adopts Resolution re Mental Hospital Unanimously After Amendment Defeated





Good Plows
AND GOOD PLOWMEN
Get Better Crops and Bigger Returns



Cockshutt Shares and Tractor Plows

The Cockshutt Line

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PLOW CO. LIMITED · BRANTFORD, ONT

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Cockshutt Implements Made Famous by Cockshutt Plows

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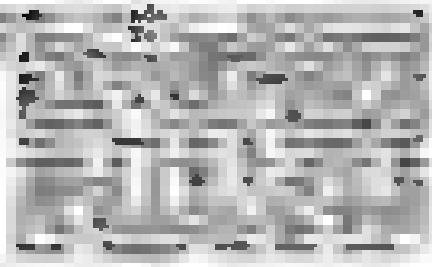
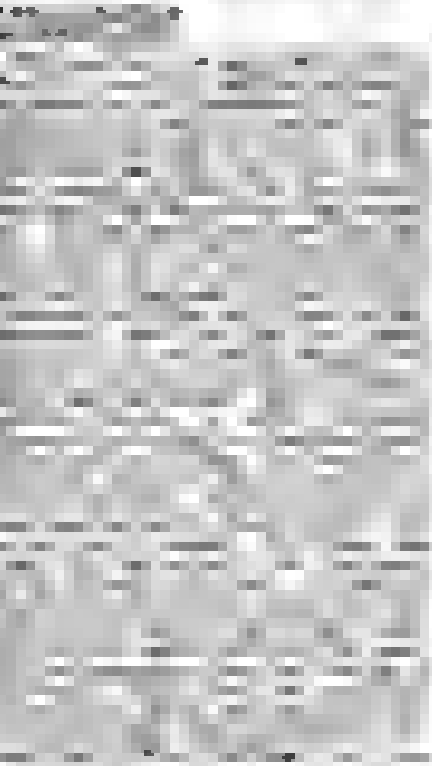
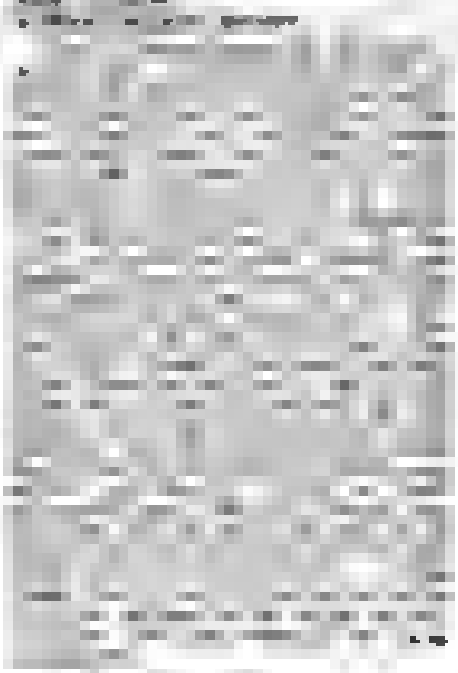
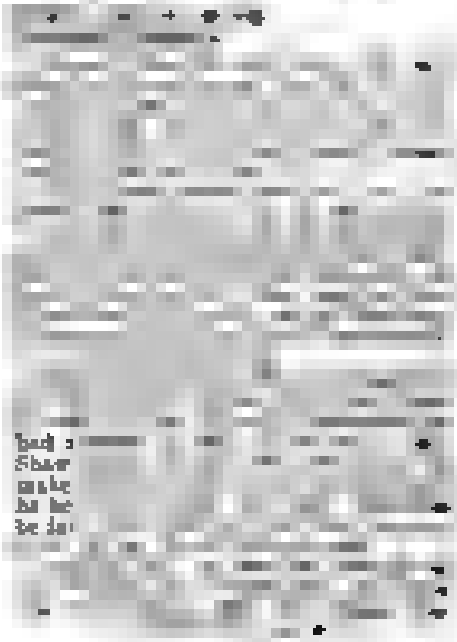








"NOW I KNOW *how to* *Save that Baby's Arm!*"

A REMOTE settlement in Northern New Brunswick. A furious snowstorm sweeping in a gale of fifty-five miles an hour. The nearest doctor twenty-five miles away.

In the middle of the night of a remarkable blizzard, an excited telephone. A frantic father speaks to his doctor with the news that "Baby's arm is all out of joint!"

The physician—one of hundreds like the beloved Dr. Hodges of Sun Life's advertisements—could not afford the time nor the money for a year graduate course. Neither could the community spare him.

Only ten years in Canada for the past three years through the work of medical doctors and by the Canadian Medical Association in isolated districts. Last year over 100 such lectures travelled Canada, and Newfoundland, and conducted over 200 clinics, with an aggregate attendance of 11,000 people. Besides bringing relief to hundreds of patients with other ailments, they added helpful to record over 100 diseased children.

The entire cost of this service is annually borne by the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada. It is one of several similar services maintained or operated by the Company to relieve suffering and prolong life.

SUN LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA

HEAD OFFICE MONTREAL

Interests of the United Farm Women

Is Federal Treasury Being Enriched Unfairly at Expense of the Provinces?

J. P. Galloway, secretary of Fort Vermilion Local, has been appointed to the Board of Directors of the Alberta Co-operative Wheat Pool, to represent the Peace River district. Mr. Galloway is a prominent farmer of that district and has been a member of the Fort Vermilion Local since its organization.

THE VALENTINE SUPPER

The Valentine Supper and Valentine party held by the ladies of the Local in the hall on February 14th was a very successful affair. Mrs. Hanson, the president, was in charge of the arrangements. The hall was prettily decorated with red and white streamers and hearts. Supper was served at 8 o'clock. Mrs. Hanson and Mrs. Hall presided over the tables. Mrs. Hall was assisted by Mrs. Hanson, Mrs. Hall, Mrs. Hall and Mrs. Hall. The supper was enjoyed by all present.

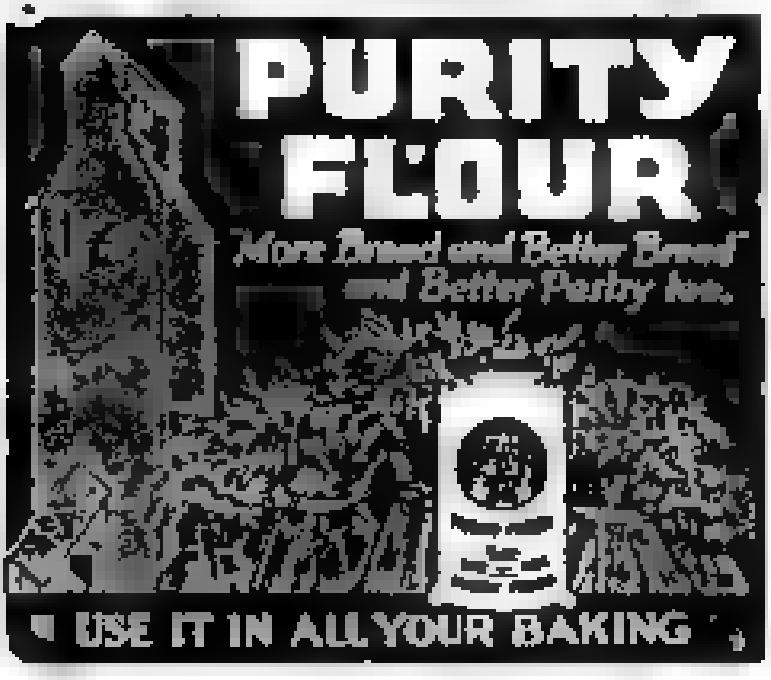
NO ARARADA BABY CLINIC

There will be no Baby Clinic at Ararada on March 19th as previously announced. The Clinic will be held on April 2nd at the home of Mrs. [illegible]. It is hoped that a large number of mothers will bring their babies to the Clinic. Mrs. [illegible] will be in charge of the Clinic and Miss [illegible] will be present to assist her. Mrs. [illegible] and Miss [illegible] will also be present.

PEACE AND ARBITRATION

The following resolution was passed by the Local at its meeting on February 14th and forwarded to the Provincial Secretary for presentation to the Provincial Convention:

"Whereas the Provincial Convention of the United Farmers of Alberta has always been in favour of peace and arbitration as a means of settling disputes between nations, and



When You Travel

Are you going abroad this year? If so, we suggest you carry a Letter of Credit. It is the most satisfactory method of providing your needs in foreign currencies. It acts as an introduction to bankers in all parts of the world, and then, your funds are drawn from your own Bank only as you draw on the Letter of Credit.

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA

100 BRANCHES IN DOMINION OF CANADA

George Carlyle Progress in Flying is Last Female Community Life Invalid Cooking Advantages of Raising Farm. A number of addresses will be given also by various speakers on topics not yet decided.

MESSAGE FROM MRS. CARLSON

I wish as director of the U F W A. for Leth also to send greetings to all in my constituency and to exhort them to put forth even greater efforts as this organization's work during the coming year than in the past. I made a letter from Mrs Tabitha Carlson, written from California. Also I wish to thank all my friends who gave me their support at the election and I hope I shall prove worthy and capable of fulfilling the trust imposed on me in this great U F A work." Mrs Carlson also sends some verses she has written which conclude as follows:

"Dear sacred Majestic Canada!
Thy interests seeks to crush
Now arise in all thy lustre
To guard thy glorious bush.

O Canada! great Canada!
A home of brave hearts art
Ar age be homes now we pray,
Of our true faithful hearts."

WHEN HELL HAD GOOD TEAS

Windy Pall U F W A Local had a committee meeting on Feb 27th at a recent home of secretary Mrs A S Thompson. The county district with prize away to the Community picnic at the February meeting, at bad weath r prevented the speaker Mrs Miller of High River from attending. Instead a fine speaking demonstration. At the March meeting be members packed a mess of eggs to be sent to the Wards Home, and Miss Hess gave a paper on Ireland. An open air talk on strawberry raising by Mrs Jones and Harris was the last feature of the April meeting. Mrs Fred Hardwick gave a story on the Life of Queen Victoria to the May meeting while Famous Canadian Women was the title of a paper given to the June meeting by Mrs Wall. Mrs A E M Gibbons contributed a paper on nursing which we hope to have in the July meeting. Miss M Peel, matron of the High River Hospital, gave a paper on interesting pictures at the October meeting. At the November meeting a vote of thanks was held as end of the Red Cross, and the silver money was handed in, $70.75 being realized from the two sources.

In addition, the Local held dances and card parties and raised enough money to buy a plate for the Community Hall also made a quilt and raffled it. We intends going on the Hall

Seasonable Recipes

A. LOVE CORBETT

Fish Scrub. Mix 4 tablespoons gross cheese and level in teaspoon be tarts [illegible] up with stirring constantly. Have mixed tablespoon mustard heaping and teaspoon cornstarch heaping with a little salt then add a little more than 1 cup milk. When the first mixture is blended add other ingredients and stir constantly until be whole becomes like gravy if too thick thin a little. Have fish made and buttered. Pour the cheese mixture over the fish bake. Serve at once. If cheese appears shiny, the

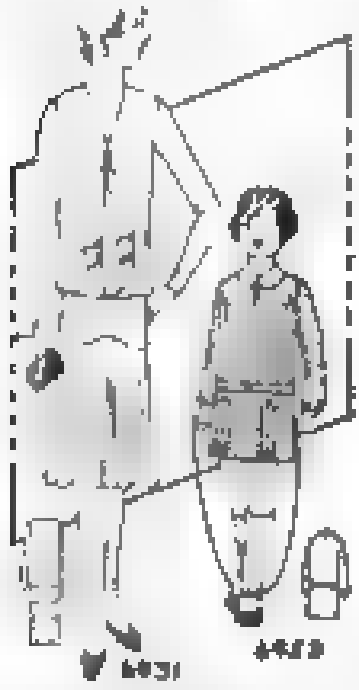
apacity when ch-beaten and it will be all right. Mrs. H. D. Mcleod, Lacey

Sunshine Cake — 4 eggs, 1 cup sugar, 1 cup flour, 1 teaspoon cream of tartar. Beat eggs and sugar together for five minutes with a Dover beater, stir in the cream of tartar then cut and fold in the flour. Bake in a moderate oven about 20 minutes. The success of this cake depends on the beating of the eggs and sugar for the given time. Ice with orange icing, made from juice and rind of half an orange, cup of icing sugar and tablespoon butter. (E. Dawson, Andrew, Alta. U.F.W.A. Local.

Sponge Cake — Beat the yolks of 4 eggs with milk and lemon-flavored gelatine, beat to a cup of sugar, 1 tablespoon cold water. Beat whites of eggs to a stiff froth, add beaten whites of eggs to mixture, fold in 1 cup sifted flour, 1 teaspoon cream of tartar. Lastly add beaten whites of eggs and bake in a slow oven.—Mrs. A. E. Claypool, Bradwell

"The U.F.A." Pattern Department

Send orders to The U.F.A. Pattern Department, Daughtry Building, Calgary, allowing ten days for receipt of pattern. Be sure to give name, address, size and number of pattern required.



6431 6429

6431 Ladies' Dress.

Cut in 6 sizes: 34, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inches bust measure. A 38 inch size requires 3¾ yards of 40 inch material. If collar is made of contrasting material it requires ¼ yard 40 inches wide and cut crosswise. The width of the dress at the lower edge with fullness adjusted is 2¾ yards. The underskirt of lining requires 1¼ yard 36 inches wide. Price 15c

6429. Girls' Dress.

Cut in 4 sizes: 2, 4, 6 and 8 years. A 6 year size requires 2¾ yards of 27 inch material. For cape of contrasting material or velvet and fur,

Pullet's fine Winter Egg Record!

[illegible]

Make this Test

[illegible]

Note the Economy

[illegible]

Supplies and Prices

[illegible]

Have You Had Yours?

[illegible]

STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 50 YEARS

MAKE BETTER HOME MADE BREAD

Buy Your BABY CHICKS

from the firm that will handle your Eggs and Poultry. Our interests are identical.

WINDSOR QUALITY

stands for profitable chicks hatched from highest producing strains of [illegible]

Ship us your Eggs and Poultry now for highest prices.

WINDSOR'S PRODUCE

[illegible] Calgary

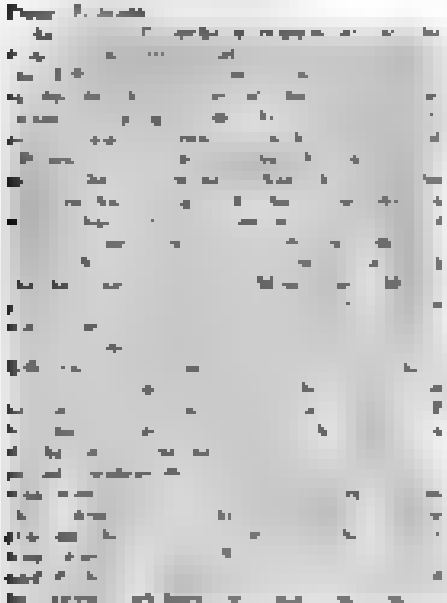
SALE BUYERS

We require a few carload of choice MILLING OATS and SEED BARLEY. Send [illegible] samples, state variety and price quantity for sale, and give [illegible]

[illegible]

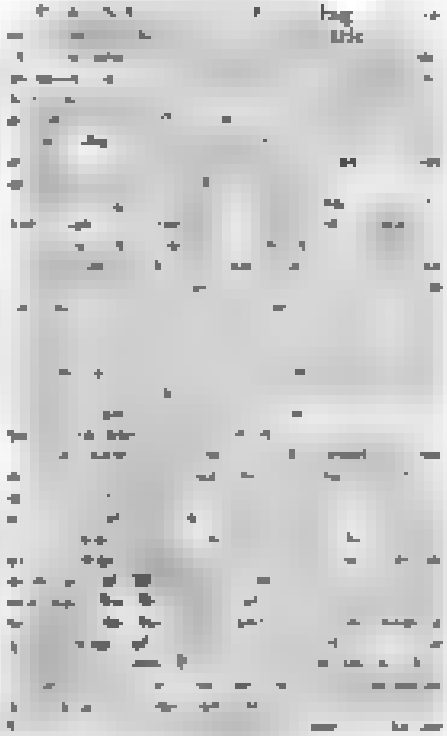
U.F.A. Junior Activities

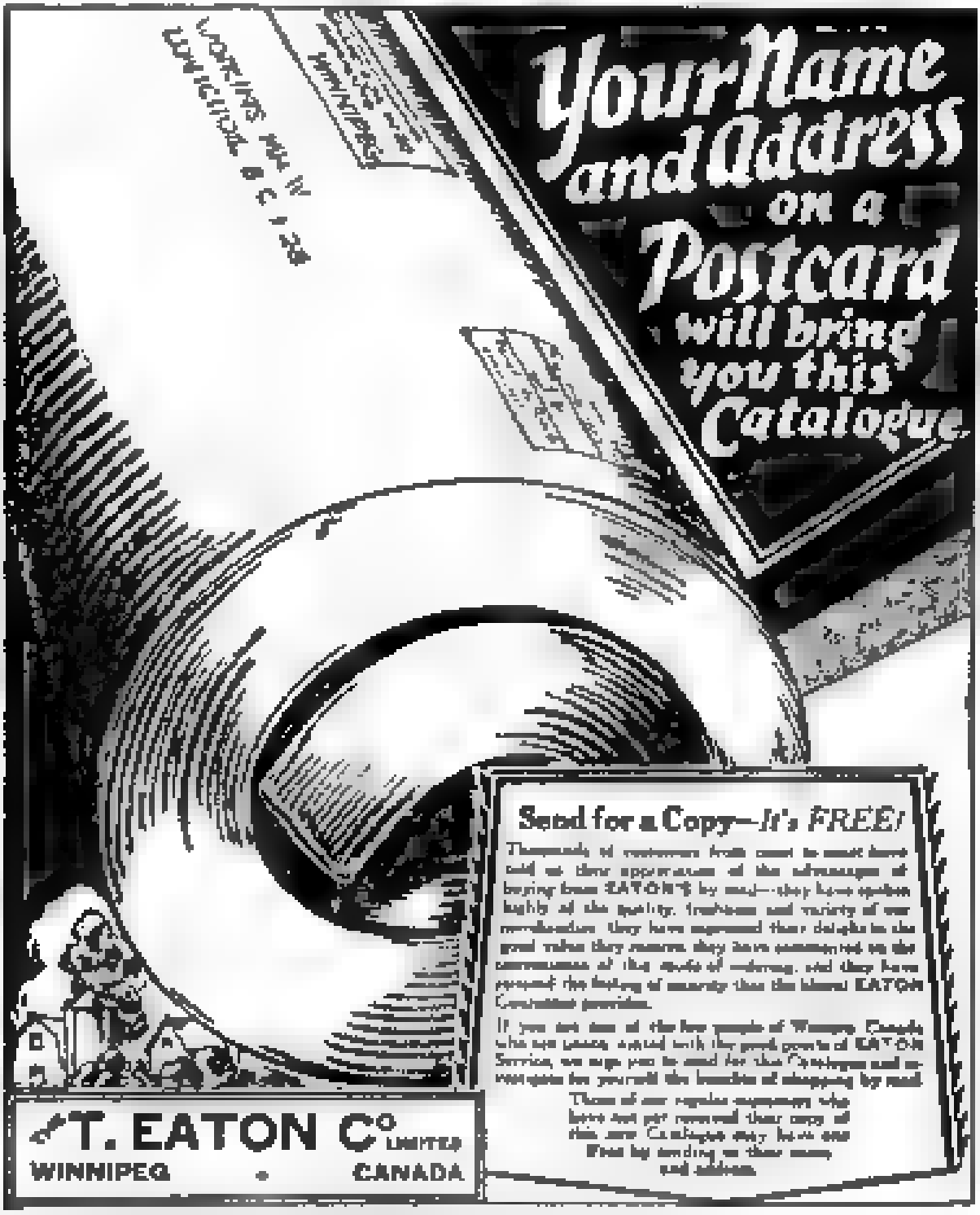
The 1929 Efficiency Contest



A Junior's Song

Hydro Has Big Extension Program

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LACOMBE BULL SALE

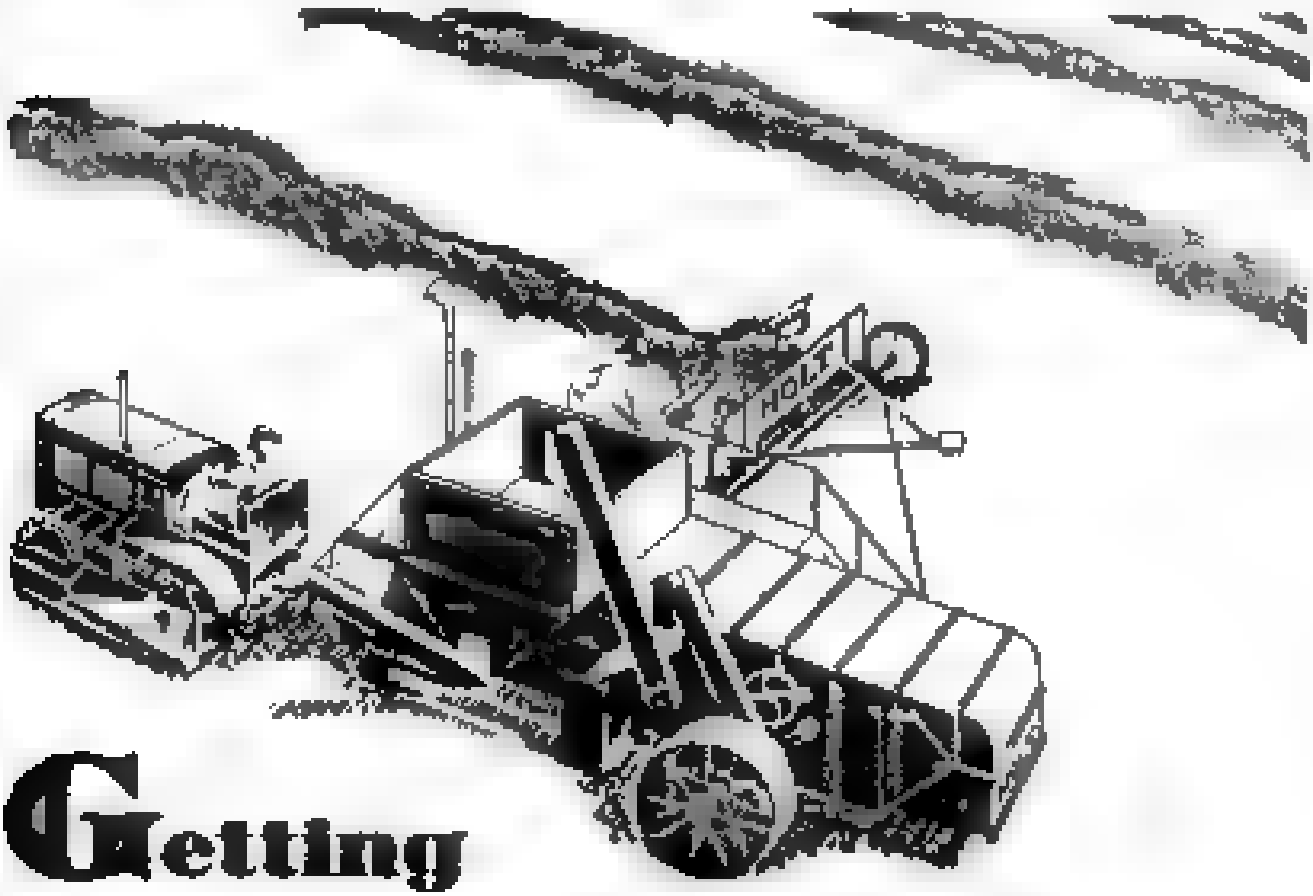
CENTRAL ALBERTA CATTLE BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION

Our Annual Sale will be held on WEDNESDAY, MAY 28, 1930.

For all information and entry forms apply to Secretary.

THOS. HENDERSON, President — D. F. CHISHOLM, Secretary.

LACOMBE, ALBERTA



Getting the golden grain

Grain is gold. Deftly the mixer shakes and swirls his pan to separate the grains of gold from mud and gravel. Scientifically the Holt Combined Harvester picks, tosses, fans and beats the straw to save every valuable kernel of golden grain.

A pioneer—the Holt combine—the header, since 1886, is the better, quicker, cheaper, easier way of harvesting grain.

Rugged—the Holt—built strong to last long. Grain tank mounted directly above the main frame on sturdy steel supports. Anti-friction bearings in self aligning cages. Thorough agitation without excessive vibration. Ample strength without cumbersome weight.

Three models—header lengths, 10 to 20 feet—alike except in size.

For harvesting by the swathing method, a Holt Windrow Header can be supplied and any size Holt combine can be equipped with a Holt Windrow Pick-Up. Medium side-hill attachments are available, too, for better efficiency on rolling land. See your "Caterpillar" dealer for the full story.

Caterpillar Tractor Co.

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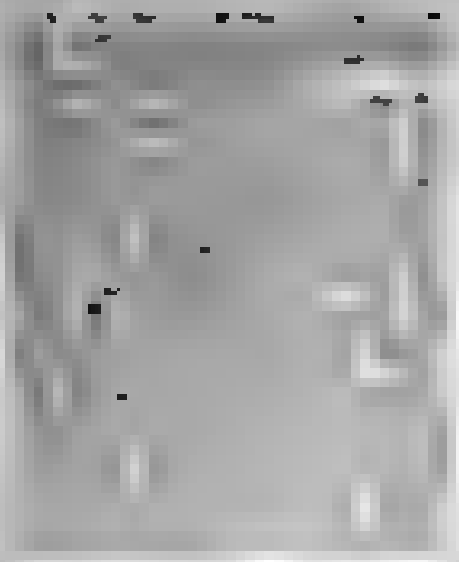
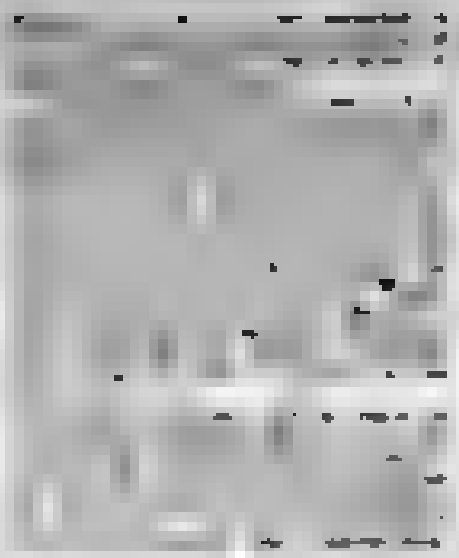
HOLT

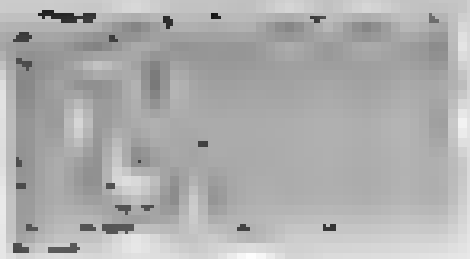
MODEL 33		MODEL 44		MODEL 55	
10 foot	$1395	12 foot	$2195	16½ foot	$3695
12 foot	$1495	14 foot	$2345	20 foot	$3895

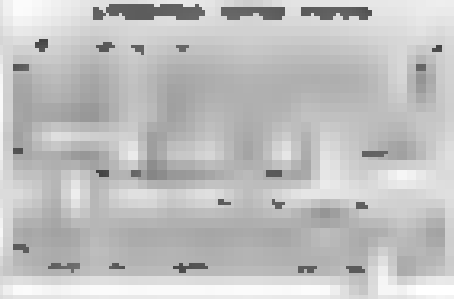
All prices f. o. b. Stockton, California

COMBINED HARVESTERS



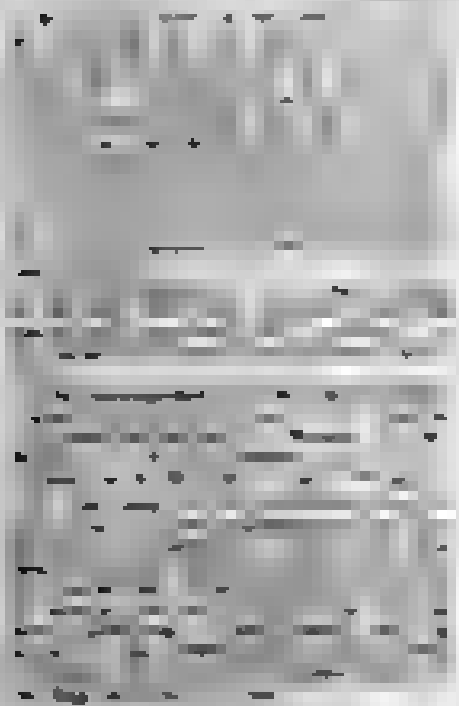


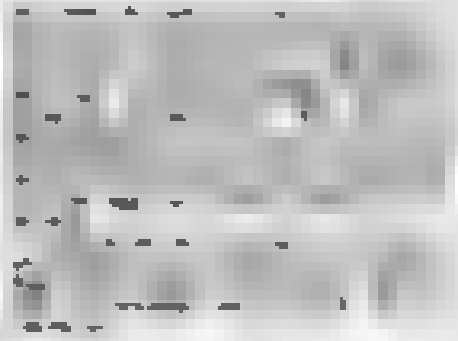


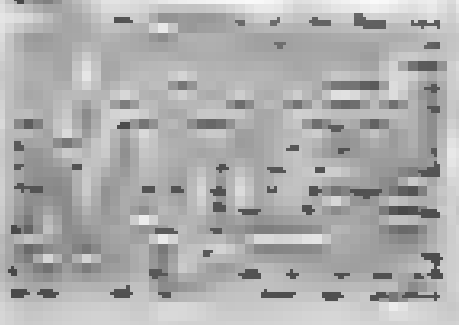


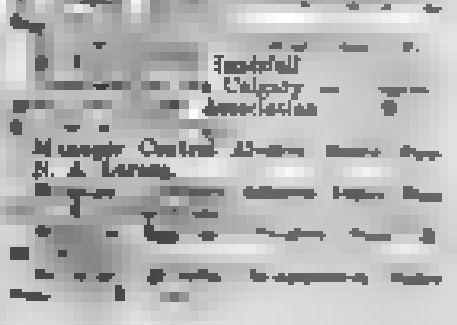
OFFICIAL NEWS from the DAIRY and POULTRY POOLS

Dairy and Poultry Pools Amalgamate Marketing Organisations









were now thinking more in terms of the giving more favorable conditions to themselves.

What the conservative leader had said with respect to the rise of new conditions was undoubtedly true. There had emerged a demand for something real, something in touch with the life of the people. The old line parties should get out themselves and not seek the realignment of the old battle ground to suit themselves.

The views of [redacted] had a different outlook from the country, yet the Hon. gentleman had no criticism to offer which gave special expression to the urban point of view. The two old parties represented no essential issues from the stand into two groups. People whose interests were different were modelled regulary by the artificial grouping. The only thing in which he could sympathize with Socialism was to knock the Government. He would like to hear voices in the Assembly representing definite city interests.

Mr. Ellis: In what respect did Mr. Lymburn differ from Mr. Ferguson? Both were elected by the citizens of Edmonton.

Mr. Lymburn: I do not happen to think of the differences of any definite basis on the platforms of my party.

The Attorney General concluded by again suggesting that the minds of the old line parties should be diverted not to changing the battle lines but to adjusting themselves to the new conditions.

Arthur Mathison of Vegreville adjourned the debate at six o'clock.

Discussion of Party System Marks Debate on Redistribution

Government Resolution Carries Amendment Adopts Bentzen's Motion to Keeping Winter Roads Open

THURSDAY'S SITTING

EDMONTON, March 7. Theories of Government with special reference to the party system put a trial at the adjournment. The proximate explanation of Dr. M. Duggan that he felt an element of futility in his work as a member of the Assembly, that he spoke merely because he felt that, unless his suggestion was in line with the policy of the Government it would not receive consideration gave a point of departure for the speakers that followed. Lionel Gibbs, Labor member seized the opportunity to make a singularly effective analysis of political philosophy. R. H. Parks reported a Hansard quotation which is very apt and greatly enjoyed the entire Legislature. Alex. Ross Long, the newly elected Liberal, gave proof that he had Liberalism was still the core of democracy while Premier Brownlee believed he stated in this practical constructive that no matter with the name of the party, the question was what kind of an appeal are you making to the intelligence of the people? No matter what changes brought about in distribution a powerful Government would continue in office just as long as it enjoyed the confidence of the people.

Archie Mathison, who reopened the debate said: M. McFarlane supplied figures to show that the contrasts of misfortune made by Messrs. McCullagh and Shaw was not founded on fact. Several other members made valuable contributions to the debate. The Hon-

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When loans are required to increase the money-making capacity of your farm do not hesitate to visit the nearest Bank of Toronto Manager. He will be delighted to give your problems the benefit of the Bank's experience and facilities.

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Branches Throughout Canada

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THE BRIGHAM TANNERY

CANCER

Maintain the Quality of Alberta's Crops

BETTER SEED

Better Yields -- Better Grades -- Better Prices

A [illegible] campaign [illegible] to [illegible] Province [illegible] with the [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

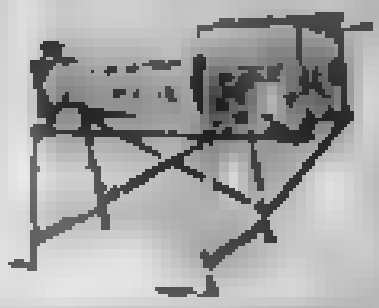
LUMBER

You can not duplicate our Low Prices.

CONSUMERS LUMBER CO.

KILL SMUT

TREATER



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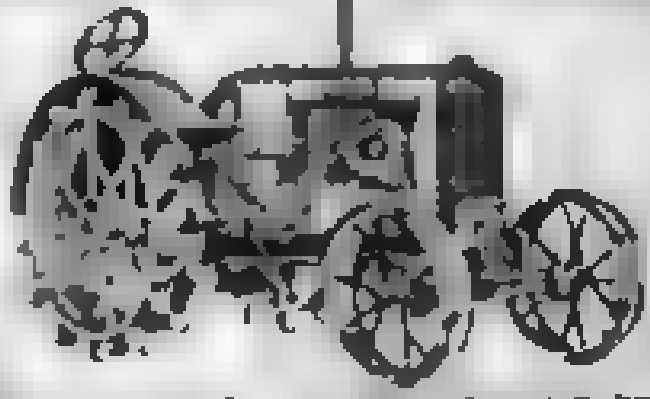
Massey-Harris Wallis is Light and Powerful Economical to Operate Easy to Handle



BETTER SEEDS MEAN

Bigger Profits for Every Farmer!

[illegible]

COST OF SACK

[illegible] EVERYTHING IN FIELD AND GARDEN SEEDS. If unable [illegible] write for prices [illegible]

CANADA'S GREATEST SEED HOUSE

STEELE, BRIGGS SEED CO. Limited

[illegible]

COLDS

[illegible]

MINARD'S KING OF PAIN LINIMENT

Prevent Smut by using COPPER CARBONATE

[illegible]

Please mention The I.F.A.

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [

were discriminated against, because they could not be on the roads in the winter through not being licensed, but he was assured this would be looked after.

Mr. Fraser of Wainwright told of difficulties in drilling in Southern Alberta. He wondered if the rotary plow idea had been tried. Some damage was done always in the right place.

W. M. Hamilton proposed the Minister should be set up plow. Mr. M. Fleming said it had not been tried. The discussion finished and carried without dissent.

After the debate the results given was still more established in connection of the whole and ordered given third reading.

(An account of the debate on Provincial ownership of power, which commenced on Friday, March 3rd, will be found on Page 16.)

NEWS OF THE WHEAT POOL

Continued from page 14

It would not the Pool [illegible] arrived at in the way

[illegible] bushels at 10¢	[illegible]
[illegible] bushels held at the	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]

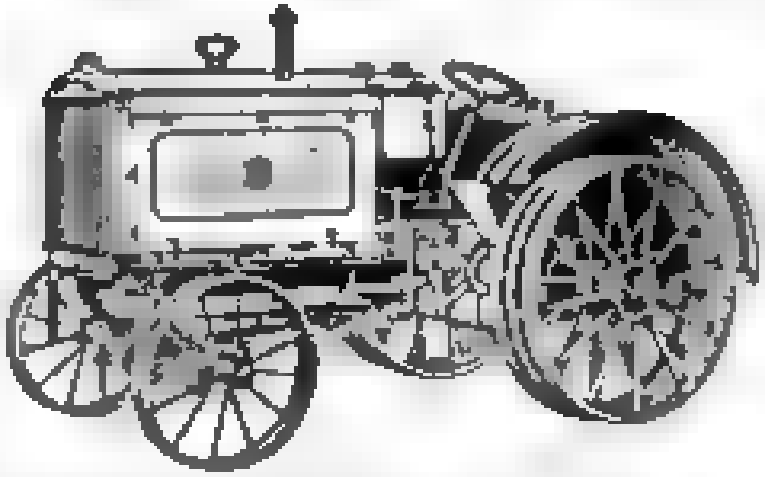
You will notice that it would seem the Pool 1938 to show a balance bushels on hand by the Pool rate system there under the grain conference. While has opened an account not as far as Pool is concerned, just what would be the charge to the Pool members? Board is would show but to us it who would be a big cost on the other has which had would be to have stored a lot of many cars in connection last winter. He would have been able to have more there of the pressing obligations of a long along all business as it is how to pay. He would have been able to have saved himself by added cost of a high interest rate on the amount of the wheat, etc., etc.

What would the set up use of such a system be to the Pool themselves. It is not so clear, but the most should be statements with it. However it would appear to me to be a whole lot easier for the office staff to handle the [illegible] of wheat in the ways which we do that this system. Both under the existing principal system. Performance [illegible] the Pool have more time to figure the individual elevator's distribution according to grade, for the interest and Pool pay basis, what the rate was paid

"All For Each, Each For All"

Next week, we refer to the co-operative side of the question. I contend that under the Pool rate system we would [illegible] one of the fundamentals of co-operation. All for each and each for all. The co-operative has statements to me and had a letter I received that a year has [illegible] on the personal [illegible] what as a Province we longer an Alberta, in every year certain districts are down as the best in other [illegible] and that operating on the flat rate system we might be [illegible] a means to alleviate the temporary hardship of those districts by granting a certain amount per bushel for what it [illegible] have been, consequence of grade. That is an

70 Years of Farm Service



The Waterloo Manufacturing Co. Ltd. has given service to Canadian Farmers for over 70 years. The company's reputation stands behind the implements offered to the farmers. Look at the FIXE ISLAND TRACTOR in respect power, mobility and performance.

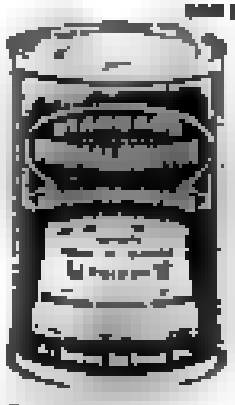
THE TRACTOR FOR EVERY FARM
Write for particulars & name dealer.

The Waterloo Manufacturing Company Limited
Head Office: Waterloo, Ontario.
Warehouses in Province: Regina, Saskatoon, Calgary, Edmonton

To Prevent Smut

ALL SEED GRAIN OF WHEAT, BARLEY, OATS ETC. SHOULD BE TREATED WITH

STANDARD FORMALDEHYDE KILLS SMUT



Where smut appears in growing grain it is too late to stop it. The damage is done. Therefore, treat the seed with Standard Formaldehyde.

Endorsed by Provincial Governments and Agricultural Colleges. Used by leading grain growers and international prize-winners.

Easy to use — no special equipment required. Assures clean seed and good germination.

GET THE FACTS— Write for free illustrated booklet "Seed Grain Smut"

THE STANDARD CHEMICAL COMPANY LIMITED
Montreal Winnipeg Toronto

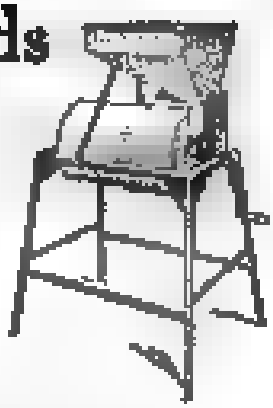
Modern Methods

The modern method of seed preparation is to dust Seed Wheat with Organic Carbonate.

It is efficient, economical and increases germination.

Dusting can be done any time BEFORE seeding. Positively no injury to the seed.

A machine duster is necessary to secure best results.



The WESTEEL Seed Wheat Duster

Recommended by leading wheat growers as the most efficient machine on the market.

Revolves the grain in a perfect cloud of dust assuring complete coverage. Does not crack the kernels. Seed control thoroughout, strongly braced and easy to operate.

Can be operated by hand or power. Does the work quickly and thoroughly.

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THROUGHOUT Canada the Bank of Montreal is daily loaning funds to responsible farmers to assist them in their business.

This Bank is at all times prepared to advance loans on terms consistent with sound banking.

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Total Assets in excess of $570,000,000

Ship Your Grain

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UNITED GRAIN GROWERS LTD.

BANK OF HAMILTON CHAMBERS
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LOUGHEED BUILDING
CALGARY

Get the fullest possible protection

pose to me, is the big factor in favor of such a scheme.

We now come to the final question that I will deal with in this letter and it is perhaps the most important. I have said that the flat system if adopted would increase the Pool membership. I wonder how many of you readers have already made up by it would do that? Here are a few of the reasons why. I think it would do it and particularly would this have been true had we already been operating on the system previous to the second series' sign-up. How many extra farmers would have joined the Pool last fall, had they been assured of getting 30c a bushel for their wheat, as an initial payment? How many previous Pool members would have been members today had they been assured of getting an initial payment of 30c? These are questions you, good readers, can answer best from your own personal observations.

The Smaller Farmer

There is one other reason why I think that the flat rate system would increase the Pool membership, and that is that it would make it possible for the smaller farmer to join. We all know numbers of farmers who said last fall "I would like to join the Pool but can't pay 5c per bu. and 25c per bushel." My economic position is such that it is unreasonable for me to join the Pool." And so on. And I think that the records will show that the proportion of farmers operating 320 acres and over having joined the Pool, is greater than under the present system. So that I maintain the flat rate system would make it possible for a greater proportion of the smaller farmers to join the Pool.

In conclusion let me say that while there may be arguments against this proposed scheme the advantages under the system would greatly outweigh any number here. And that finally, if we are to consider this proposed scheme at all, we must do so from this standpoint, that as Pool members we are co-operators.

Now Mr. Editor, I thank you for the privilege of setting forth not only my personal views in this matter but the views of which an unanimous decision in favor was given by the members of Wavy Lake Local No. 39, of which I am President.

Yours for progress,

(Signed) T. A. BREVES

WHAT YOUR POOL CAN DO

Says Robin Hood a noted leader of southern co-operators:

1. A pool cannot fix prices; but it can influence prices favorably.

2. A pool cannot control production but it can influence production favorably.

3. A pool cannot eliminate the middleman, but it can take over some of the middleman's duties and often effect economies.

4. A pool cannot pay its members more than EVERY outsider may get but it can pay a price higher than the average outsider will get.

5. A pool cannot operate without occasional difficulties but these difficulties can be largely overcome by team work.

6. A pool will go a long way toward putting the farmer on an equal footing with the big-scale operations of modern business.

MEETING AT COURTICE

On Tuesday evening, March 5th, Bloomfield U.F.A. Local celebrated its tenth anniversary in the Community

Increases production per man ..reduces costs per acre ... *the* Allis-Chalmers 20-35

Allis-Chalmers

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FROM Great Britain, Europe and Eastern Canada via the Panama Canal and the Port of Vancouver is the shortest sea route to the prairies. Goods shipped by this route by low ocean freight rates and short rail haul. The building up of this new route offers a balance to freight traffic grain moving east an overwhelming exporting mark. This tends to reduce freight rates and to better economic prosperity

VANCOUVER
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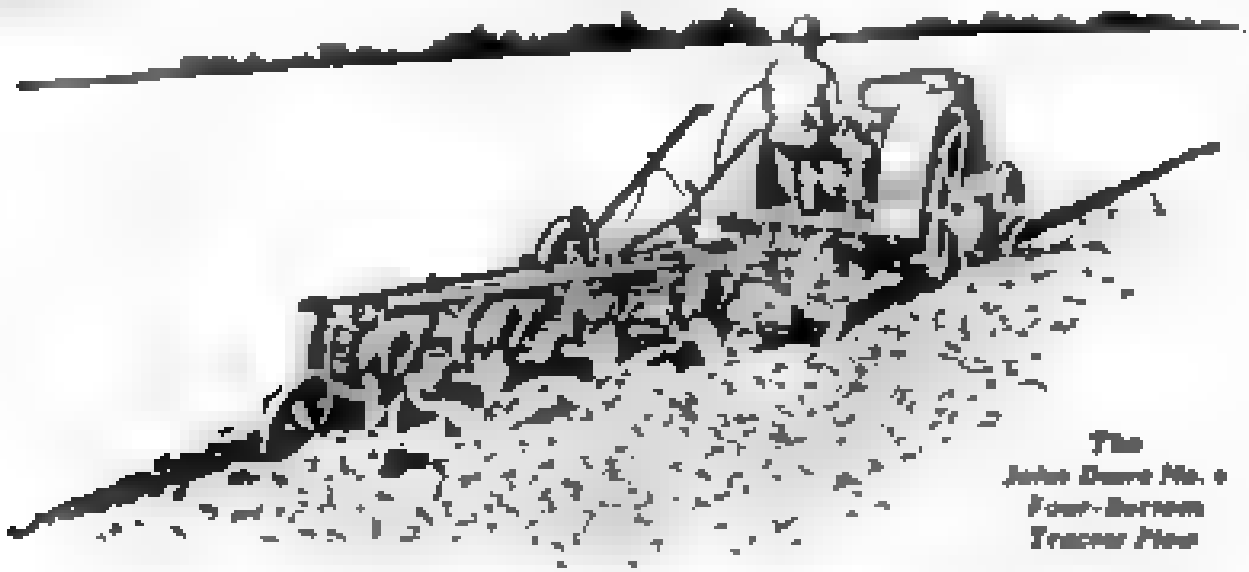
Land Opening

[illegible]

E. C. LEECH, Dept. 16
Great Northern Railway
[illegible]

When Buying from Our Advertisers please mention The U.F.A.

gation into himself go. If the Post do [illegible] up and the new Power be ours, it will need have said it is what he will make [illegible] Then it will be good material for [illegible] and it should grow fast. Then it will need all to be sure. So Peat said [illegible] and it is not a bad idea [illegible] Peat [illegible] Peat [illegible] Peat



The John Deere No. 4 Four-Bottom Tractor Plow

Get the Extra Strength of These Tractor Plows

Once you get into the field with one of these John Deere tractor plows you will appreciate the advantages of their extra strength.

For instance, the beams are not a heavy and extra strong. Shank braces are sturdy and long lapped. Heavy bar across rear of beams insures the trip and constant alignment of bottoms.

Every other part, too, is built to last for years.

They Do Good Work

You can depend on John Deere tractor plows to do the job right. They scour from furrow plows to insure uniform plowing depth and clean scour thoroughly.

These genuine John Deere bottoms are famous for cutting, good work and long wear.

Quick-Detachable Shares

Equipped with quick detachable shares. Lengths and sizes and shapes of right shares suited to any soil.

Land wheel is set back to give uniform plowing depth in uneven ground or when plowing on slopes.

Any's Clearance

Unusual clearance on shank of beams prevents clogging, even in sod or trash.

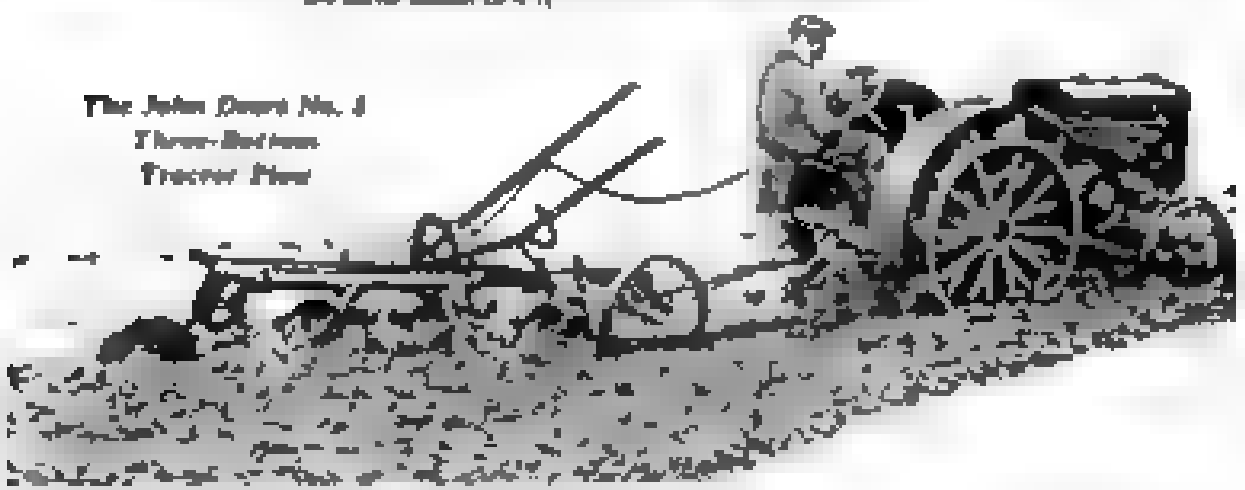
You will like the easy handling of these John Deere plows, too. Now heavy draft power left works perfectly and suddenly undesirable lifts a pull on the trip rope sets it in action. It is adjustable to any standard tractor. Levers controlled any weight easy reach as you sit on the tractor seat.

Variety of Sizes

These large capacity plows are furnished in three, three- and four-bottom sizes.

The No. 4 four-bottom plow can be converted to a three-bottom plow, the No. 3 three-bottom, to a two-bottom, by removing rear beam.

You will see your dealer soon, ready to show you with one of these plows behind your tractor.



The John Deere No. 3 Three-Bottom Tractor Plow

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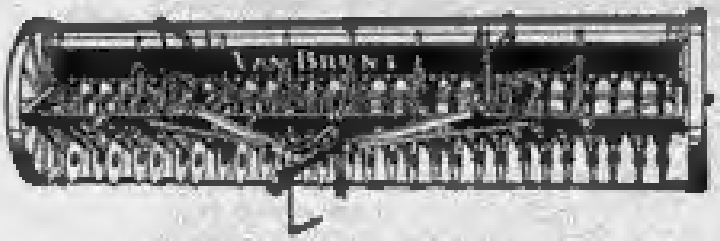


John Deere-Van Brunt Double-Disk Grain Drill with Tractor Hitch and Power Lift

This big, strong grain drill is built especially to give swift, accurate and economical drilling service on large farms.

The farmers of Canada, faced by short growing seasons, realize the importance of big-capacity seeding. With this drill you can seed more acres properly in a day, thereby giving the crop an earlier start and lessening the chances of loss from early frost. The planting is done at less cost—one man operates complete outfit whether horse-drawn or tractor-drawn.

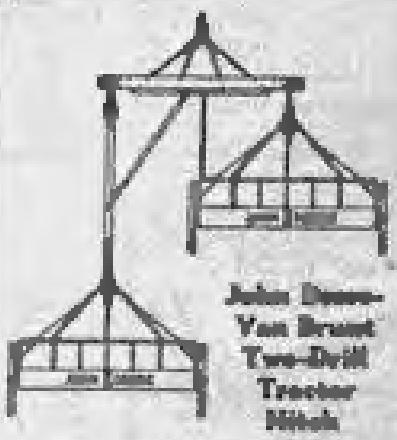
Boxes Will Not Sag or Lose Shape —Seed Does Not Drift

John Deere-Van Brunt 28x6 Drills are built with large capacity Keystone grain boxes, securely tied together with straps inside and outside and with steel partitions. Thus reinforced, the boxes cannot spread apart or collapse. The partitions also prevent the grain from drifting in the hopper when seeding uneven ground.

Inside the grain box are two truss rods, also heavy outside truss, which prevent box from sagging or getting out of shape.

Extra Heavy Steel Frame—Flexible—Fits the Ground

Frame is built of extra heavy, high-carbon steel, thoroughly trussed and braced, yet left flexible to conform to uneven surfaces without strain on the machine. The John Deere-Van Brunt Drill fits the ground and pulls easy.



John Deere-Van Brunt Two-Drill Tractor Hitch

With the John Deere-Van Brunt Two-Drill Tractor Hitch you can use two drills together and have a flexible outfit that is easy to operate both on the straight-away and when turning. The hitch is made in two sizes to handle drills of different widths in combination, for seeding in swaths from 16 to 28 feet wide. The two-drill hitch is more economical and insures better results.

See this remarkable drill at your John Deere dealer's. Write (also) for descriptive folder; also for booklet, "Better Grain Yields from the Same Fields". Address John Deere Plow Co., Ltd., Winnipeg, Manitoba, and ask for Booklets DV-L 50

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200 registered and tested bulls, comprising 100 Shorthorns, 4 Red Polled, 2 Holsteins, 1 Jersey, 50 Aberdeen Angus and 100 Herefords. To be sold in the order named, at CALGARY APRIL 2nd, 4th and 5th. Judged on APRIL 2nd. Sale starts at 9 a.m. Entries closed. Auctioneers: J. W. Dorse, Calgary; C. F. Shannon, Bentley; D. E. Hall, Red Deer.

Horse Show

CALGARY, APRIL 3rd to 6th

Separate Prize List. Progress afternoon and evening.

Entries close March 31st. Send for Prize List.

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Girls' and Boys' Baby Beef Competition April 2nd

Auction Sale of Baby Beef and Fat Steers, Exhibition Grounds, 4 p.m. April 3rd

Cattle and Carcass Steer Classes offered by Dominion Live Stock Branch judged at Alberta Beach Yards, 10 a.m. Tuesday, April 2nd; to be sold by auction same day at 2.00 p.m.

Entries close March 31st.

Reduced Passenger Fares from Alberta Stations April 1st to 7th, return limit April 8th.

For Prize Lists and Sale Catalogues, write: E. L. RICHARDSON, Secretary,
ALBERTA LIVE STOCK ASSOCIATIONS, CALGARY, ALBERTA

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WHY PAY MORE FOR THE SAME ARTICLE? MAKE-EM-GROW CALF MEAL is a well-balanced ration and as near to a milk substitute as possible. Per 100 lbs., $3.90; 50 lbs., $1.95. Anderson Grain & Feed Company, Ltd., 224-7th Ave. E., Calgary, Alta. Phone M4554, M3995. Write for catalog.

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1 LB. LARGE GINGHAM QUILT PATCHES, 50c; 4 lbs., $1; 1 lb. Gingham remnants, 50c.; 3 lbs., $1; 2 lbs. Velvet, Corduroy or Silk Pieces, $1.25 a. McCreary, Clandeboye, Man.

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FOR CEDAR FENCE POSTS GET US—PRICES Timber Co., Box 607, Fernie, B. C.

FENCE POSTS — CORDWOOD, CORRAL POLES, all kinds. North-West Coal Co., Edmonton, Alta.

LUMBER, SHINGLES, FENCE POSTS, POLES, Cedarwood and slabs. Write for delivered prices, Enterprise Lumber Co., Vancouver, B.C.

BUY YOUR LUMBER, SHINGLES, LATH, MILLwork, etc., from the old established firm selling highest quality B.C. coast lumber direct from mill to consumer since 1913. Save big money. Get happy—smile. Send your lumber bill, sketch or plan for our delivered price. Quantities guaranteed. Write for free cedar folder and price lists. Farmers' Mutual Lumber Co., Ltd., Rogers Bldg., Vancouver, B.C. Bankers, Royal Bank.

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CARAGANA, 6 INCHES TO 10 INCHES, $2.00 per 100; Caragana, 10 inches to 15 inches, $2.50 per 100; Caragana, 15 inches to 24 inches, $3.00 per 100. Finest Hardy Flowering Plants, $1.00 per dozen; Herbert Raspberries, $1.00 per dozen; Russian Poplar Cuttings, $1.00 per 100; Rose and Peony Plants, 25c. per dozen. All carriage paid. D. M. Downes, Sr., Bulwark, Alta.

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WANTED — TRACTOR PLOWING OR DISKing by acre. A. Barbarese, Marten.

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MANAGER WANTED—CAPABLE MAN WANTED to manage established Co-operative Association, on commission basis. 1928 turnover, $45,000. Articles: General Store, Livestock, Twine and Coal. Duties to commence March 15, 1929. Applications to be made to F. Scott, Sec., Wetaskiwin, Alberta.

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WE START YOU IN YOUR OWN BUSINESS—Good income sure and quick by our method. Success assured. Costs you nothing to try. Inexperience no drawback. Write for full information about this plan. Wilson Stradshaw Co., Dept. W-16, Box 1015, Montreal.

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MAKE $100.00 A WEEK AND UP SELLING OUR fine made-to-measure, all-wool suits and overcoats, direct to wearer. Greatest proposition in Canada. We supply your own clothes free—also complete instructions, samples and sales-promotion methods. Participate in our profit-sharing plan. We deliver and collect direct. Satisfaction guaranteed. If you are interested in becoming a $5,000.00 man, write at once to London Tailoring Company, 1001 Bleury St., Dept. F-200, Montreal.

directors consisting of five members instead of nine as in the old association.

Mr. Hunter was reappointed chairman and the results of the election for directors was as follows:

W. A. Hunter and Mr. Kaye Cullen for the term of three years, Geo. Church and L. E. Hayes for the term of two years and Alex Moore for the term of one year.

UNIVERSITY PAMPHLETS

Two new pamphlets issued in December, 1928, by the Department of Extension of the University of Alberta, are "Sheep Production in Alberta" and "Diseases of Small Grain Crops." The first named includes descriptive matter of the various breeds, with illustrations, instructions for the care of sheep, etc., while one part deals with diseases and their treatment. "Diseases of Small Grain Crops" contains 23 illustrations showing the effects of various diseases, and devices for their treatment, as well as 78 pages of reading matter dealing with the causes, symptoms and recommended methods of prevention and treatment.

"STUBBLE SHOULD BE BURNED"
—says Mr. Norman Criddle, Dominion Entomologist.

Spring burning with the Western Stubble Burner ensures a clean seed bed and a better crop at a minimum expense. Write today for full information and booklet showing THE NEW WAY TO BURN STUBBLE.

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480 ACRES EXCELLENT CLAY LOAM, 3 MILES from station, school and church. Splendid buildings and shelter-belts. This farm carries a 60-acre water right, and is an ideal location for mixed farming in one of the best rural communities of Alberta. Price, $35.00 an acre. The Forster Agency, Lethbridge, Alberta.

WANTED—DEAL FROM OWNER GOOD FARM for sale. Cash price, particulars. D. F. Beak, Minnewanka, Minn.

HEART OF THE ROCKIES, IN THE FRASER RIVER Valley, British Columbia, lies the wonderful Sumas District. Here is a land blessed with fertility, a delightfully mild climate and scenic beauty, several thousands of acres have been developed and may be purchased on attractive terms. There is no clearing to be done, and the land is ready to produce. Dyking and interior drainage systems are complete, roads constructed and acreage has been cleared and seeded with clover. Productive alluvial soil grows anything and the country is particularly suited to mixed farming. Good roads and four railways serve the district. Proximity to Vancouver and other centres together with five Co-operative Dairymen's organizations facilitates marketing. Wonderful opportunity for farmer to prosper and enjoy life. For full particulars and free folder, apply to Sumas Commissioner, Department K, Court House, New Westminster, B. C.

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SHORT, ROSS, DREW & MATHOOD—BARRISTERS, Solicitors, Notaries, Imperial Bank Bldg., Calgary.

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INCUBATORS AND BROODERS—FOR THE BEST we are offering Incubators and Brooders, both oil and Electric at a 10 per cent reduction. Anderson Grain & Feed Co., Ltd., 236-7th Ave. E., Calgary, Alta. Everything in Poultry Supplies. Phone M4104, M3685. Write for catalog.

PURE-BRED BARRED ROCK COCKERELS—from head-to-toe stock, $3.00. E. Coles, Oyen, Alta.

BARRED ROCK COCKERELS SOLD OUT. E. Humphries, Morris.

LARGE WHITE PEKIN DUCK EGGS, $2.00 PER setting of 16, postpaid. Noel Fairweather, Morris, Alta.

SINGLE COMB WHITE WYANDOTTE COCKERELS, March-April hatched, from selected pen, winter layers; sire from mating R.O.P. 276-290; $4.00 ea., $2.00. Stanley Humphries, Morris.

HATCHING EGGS FROM SELECTED PENS, winter layers; R.O.P. sires; Barred Rocks and White Wyandottes, $1.50 setting. Stanley Humphries, Morris. Phone 107.

CHICK SHIPPING ATTENTION, FOR A PERIOD of ten days, we are offering Blue Ribbon Baby Chick Shipping Boxes, 100-Chick Size, $8c; 50-Chick Size, $2 1-2c; 25-Chick Size, 15c. Anderson Grain & Feed Co., Ltd., Wholesale Distributors in Alberta and Saskatchewan for the Pratt Food Company, Ltd.; Daniels Model Incubator Company; Somerville Egg Cartons; Prairieaire Electric Incubators. Write for catalog and compare our prices with any. Anderson Grain & Feed Co., Ltd., 236-7th Ave. E., Calgary, Alta. Phones M3685, M 4104.

WHITE WYANDOTTE COCKERELS, GOVERNMENT approved; laying stock; heavy, vigorous; $2.50 and $3.00 each. Mrs. C. Bagnall, Innisfail Alberta.

PURE-BRED BROWN LEGHORN PULLETS—FINE, $2.00 each. S. Hazlewood, Edgerton, Alta.

BABY CHICKS FROM BEST FLOCKS IN ALBERTA. Barred Rocks, White Leghorns, Rhode Island Reds, White Wyandottes. Bred to lay. Calgary hatched. Write for price list. Gurbert, 1414 Seventeenth Avenue West, Calgary, W2146

MARTIN LAYING STRAIN—MATURE WHITE Orpington Cockerels, $3.00. John Young, Stettler, Alta.

R. C. WHITE LEGHORNS AND LIGHT BRAHMA from imported stock. Buy your hatching eggs, chicks, pullets and mature stock from the First pen that proved 300 eggs-a-year in all parts of the Prairie Provinces. Our blood lines have been used to lay for generations. Reports of egg production show as high as 60 per cent this winter. All eggs purchased are from our own stock, and from hens, not pullets, and are mated to high-pedigree R.O.P. sires. Write for free catalogue. Burnside Poultry Farm, Drummond, B. C.

BARRED ROCK COCKERELS—BLOODTESTED, from good laying strain, $2.00 and $3.00. E. Pickering, Lyndon Lane, Alta.

ALBERTA BROOD TURKEY BREEDERS' ASSOCIATION, sponsored by Dominion Government, has thousands of inspected, penned and banded turkeys. Prices: Grade "A" toms, $10; pullets, $12; "B", $10 and $10; "C," $10 and $7.50. Order through W. C. Lyle, Secretary, Arrowwood, Alta.

CHAMBLY'S SEED-TO-LAY BABY CHICKS—100 per cent, alive guaranteed. Breeding Certificate sent with Chicks. Leghorns, Barred Rocks, Reds, Anconas, Minorcas, Wyandottes, Orpingtons. 12-Month Poultry Course Free. Tested and Trap-nested Stock. Incubators, Brooders. Free Catalogue. First hatch, March 6th. Also, Taylor's autolamp, will bulge 60. Winnipeg, Man.

PURE-BRED BUFF ORPINGTON BROODER hen cockerels, $2.00; two, $3.00. Mrs. Jessie Miller, Box 64, Crossfield, Alta. Phone 1204.

PURE-BRED, GOVERNMENT-BANDED BROAD Breasted Bronze Turkeys, Grade "C" toms, 36 to 38 lbs., $12.00; toms, 34 lbs., $7.00. A few unbanded toms, 36 lbs., $8.00. Barred Rock cockerels, good weight and splendid laying strain, $4.00. Mrs. J. W. Cousens, Innisfail.

"CANADIAN ROYAL" BABY CHICKS, FROM blood-tested flocks, are now available to Canadian Egg Producers. Members of NEW BLOOD Breeding scheme are advertising increase vigor and egg production and elimination over-size and mortality, due to in-breeding. Write for catalog. Leghorns, Reds, Rocks and Wyandottes. Canadian Hatcheries, Limited, 666 Granville St., Vancouver, B. C.

R. C. WHITE AND R. C. BLACK LEGHORNS, cockerels, breeding ockers for baby chicks, hatching eggs, mating list. Woodcroft, 2010-13th St. West, Calgary.

WHITE WYANDOTTE HATCHING EGGS—Alfred Martin cockerel direct; Hines $2.00. Ready, March 10. Limited. Order now. Maurice McGinnis, Tofield, Alta.

R. C. BLACK MINORCA PULLETS, $1.50 EACH. Pullets laying now. Mrs. Wm. Bennison, Milo, Alberta.

PURE-BRED WHITE WYANDOTTE COCKERELS for sale, $2.00 each. W. C. Bowker, Milo, Alberta.

BROODY TURKEYS FROM GOVERNMENT-banded stock. Gobblers, $10.00; hens, $6.00. Mrs. Jas. H. Spalding, Carstairs. Phone 616.

PRIZE QUALITY R. C. W. LEGHORN ALL Chicks, from our high-producing, two to three-year-old hens. Hatching eggs, breeding stock. Member R.O.P. Association. Ghent's Egg Farm, Olds, Alta.

FISH

PURE-BRED GOLD LAKE TROUT AND WHITEFISH—Write for prices. E. A. Lefebvre, Cold Lake, Alta.

SEED AND FEED

NO. 1 GOVERNMENT GRADED BROME GRASS—Free from Quack or Noxious Weeds, 15c. pound. M. E. Jinks, R.R. 1, Coalspur, Alta.

GOLDEN THOROUGHBRED SEED BOOK, GOVERNMENT Graded No. 1 seed wheat; third generation; germination 96 per cent. in 6 days. Early Triumph just made largest yield in eight-year average at University of Alberta; matures in 104 days; grades favorably. Certified. Price, $1.50 f.o.b. Edmonton sacks, but not certified, $1.40, f.o.b. Cash with order. Clarence E. Reed, Irricana, Alta.

FOR SALE—TWO CARLOADS OF BANNER OATS, Germination, 72 per cent. in 6 days; 85 per cent. in 17 days. Shipping point, Nimmons. Prize and samples on application. Geo. F. Beatty, 1725-14th Ave. W., Calgary. Phone W6665.

TRUE BANNER SEED OATS—We are offering for sale, hand-grown Yellow Banner seed Oats, grown in Southern Alberta. 1,000 lb. lots, $2 1-2c., bags included. The Southern Alberta Co-operative Association, 1020-2nd Ave. E., Lethbridge, Alta.

SELECTED GRADE 1 BANNER OATS; germination, 96 per cent., free from wild oats; 70c.; sacks extra. E. Coles, Oyen, Alta.

GARNET SEED WHEAT FOR SALE AT IN-dependent elevator, Daysland, $1.25 bushel.

GOLD DUST SEED—GOVERNMENT TEST, 98 in six days. Prize oat bin, No. 1 c.p.b. Sir. E. C. Riddle, Camrose.

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MILLER'S MARQUIS WHEAT, GROWN FROM registered seed. Government germination test, 94 per cent. Price and particulars. Car lots. Arthur Gosling, Delivered.

GARNET SEED WHEAT, NO. 2 REGISTERED. Germination, 98 per cent.; 6 days. $1.50 sacks run; cleaned, $1.50 per bushel.

PURE GARNET WHEAT; GERMINATION, SIX days, 97 per cent.; grade one; cleaned, sacked, $1.50 per bushel. T. J. Anderson, Box Acreage, Alberta.

SELLING "FIBA" WESTERN RYE GRASS, 20c lb. Free noxious weeds and quack. Sample free Carl Schroeder, Armena, Alta.

RECORD GERMINATION MARQUIS WHEAT Registered, sealed and sacked. Grade 1; germination, 97, 6 days. Certificate, No. 6a-2014; $1.75 bushel. Also third generation, field inspected Marquis, No. 1 seed; germination, 95, 6 days; certificate No. 6a-2020; $1.25 bushel. In car lots, f.o.b., Morris or Kirkpatrick. Stanley Irvin, Ghent Pine Creek, Alberta.

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FOR SALE

—BY—

Government Cleaning and Grading Plant

Edmonton, Alberta

REGISTERED MARQUIS WHEAT
VICTORY AND BANNER OATS

Guaranteed Germination, highest quality, superior in purity. Quantities limited; purchases should be made promptly. Following prices, F.O.B. Plant, sacks included.

Prices for Oats:

1st Generation		2nd Generation		3rd Generation	
No. 1	$2.50	No. 1	$1.75	No. 1	$1.40
No. 2	2.00	No. 2	1.60	No. 2	1.20
No. 3	1.50	No. 3	1.20	No. 3	1.00

Prices for Wheat:

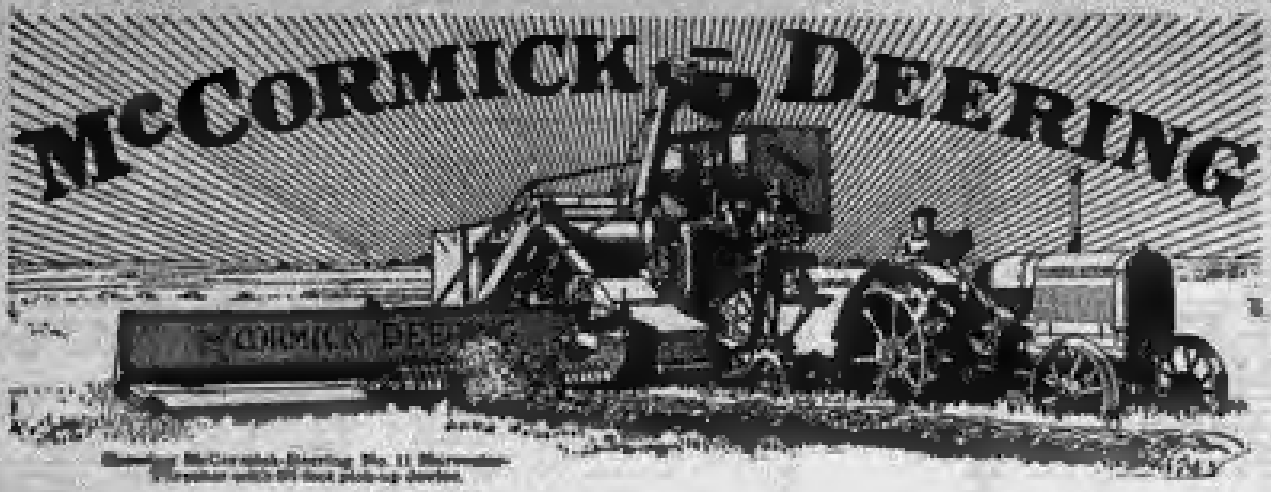
1st Generation		2nd Generation		3rd Generation	
No. 1	Sold Out	No. 1	$2.00	No. 1	$2.00
No. 2	Sold Out	No. 2	2.00	No. 2	2.00
No. 3	Sold Out	No. 3	2.00	No. 3	1.70

Also several cars of No. 1 Seed, at $1.50.

Above prices subject to 5 per cent discount for carload lots. Seed Grain tariff applies.

For Particulars apply to:

W. J. STEPHEN, Field Crops Commissioner,
Department of Agriculture Edmonton, Alta.



Operating McCormick-Deering No. 11 Harvester-Thresher with 10½ foot pick-up device.

How Many Times Do You Handle Your Grain?

TRACTOR farming, which has become largely the accepted method in the West, has shown grain growers the desirability of putting *all* farm operations on a proportionately fast basis. As a result, the 1928 harvest season saw the most decided movement toward combine harvesting and motorized grain hauling yet experienced.

Many equipped with McCormick-Deering Harvester-Threshers and International Trucks, and proceeded to transport their golden grain from stalk to combine tank, to truck, and on to the elevator, with a *single handling*, saving themselves a lot of money and hard work, as well as valuable time.

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It is the purpose of this single-handling system of harvesting and hauling during the 1928 season that leads farmers and agricultural authorities to look forward to an even more general swing to the tractor-combine-truck combination during 1928. And why not? It greatly reduces harvesting costs, saves much hard, heavy work, gets the big job done quickly, and relieves the farmer's wife of the task of feeding a big harvest crew. Often, dad and the boys do the whole job themselves.

Ask the McCormick-Deering Agent for Equipment Recommendations

The Harvester Company, with its experienced engineering staff and its prairie-province experimental farms, has developed a line of McCormick-Deering Harvester-Threshers, Windrow Harvesters, and Pick-Up Devices, and International Trucks perfectly meeting the harvesting and hauling requirements of the West. The local McCormick-Deering agent will gladly discuss your problems with you and make recommendations that will help toward working out a solution.

Folders showing the latest 1928 models will be sent on request. Address the nearest branch or the general office at Hamilton.

INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER COMPANY
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This New Truck

is entirely different from any other light truck on the market—it has 6 speeds forward and 2 reverse. And the difference shows up mighty plain when you run up against soft grain fields, loose soil, steep grades, plowed ground, deep sand, ditches, snow, etc. The SIX-SPEED SPECIAL is ahead of the others because it is built to go ahead on just the kind of work that farm folks have to do.

It is a truck of extraordinary ability, specially built to haul a 60-bushel load of wheat through fields at man's pace and over good going at 35 miles an hour. There is exactly the right gear ratio for every road and every load.

The Six-Speed Special Truck fits into the power farming scheme and puts grain and other farm hauling on a modern, comfortable, fast basis. It will help you to take full advantage of the possibilities in power farming.

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